The Bombay Gazette

10,418—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1882.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI MAIL SERVICE.

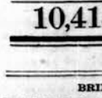
UNTIL further notice the MAIL STEAMERS will proceed via Canal direct from PORT SAID to BRINDISI.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th July, 1882.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.



THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Tuesday,
L. NIZAM	2725	450	P. Harris	1st Aug.
— HYDASPES	2284	500	R. Harvey	8th ,,
L. SUTLEJ	4100	750	A. H. Johnson	15th ,,
— MALWA	2909	500	G. W. Atkinson	22nd ,,
L. MIRZAPORE ..	3887	600	C. G. Perrins	29th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class .. Rs.	800	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,000
Second Class. Rs.	400	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class .. Rs.	1,150	Rs. 1,300	Rs. 1,250
Second Class. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
PEKIN	3000	600	A. Symons	28th July.
GANGES.....	4100	750	W. B. Andrews..	11th Aug.

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class.	2nd Class.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for 6 months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	150	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

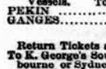
F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 12, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)



THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 28th on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

TO ALL PORTS OF ITALY.		TO MARSEILLES.	
I Class .. Rs. 500	Including	I Class .. Rs. 320	Including
II do..... 340	wines.	II do..... 350	wines.
III do..... 150	With food.	III do..... 155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

BIRMANIA, on Tuesday, 1st August, 1882.
CHINA, on Friday, 1st September, 1882.
ABISSINIA, on Sunday, 1st October, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa,	I Class Calais Route.	R 95	Brighton Route R 80
,,	II do.	do. .. 70	do. .. 58
From Naples,	I do.	do. .. 115	do. .. 130
,,	II do.	do. .. 105	do. .. 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c. apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, July 3, 1882.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels	Captains.	Tons. h.p. nl.	About
ARMENIA	Geo. H. Read	3,500 700	29th July.
GALATEA.....	J. D. Allison	3,500 700	12th Aug.
ISCHIA.....	——	3,500 700	26th ,,

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular fortnightly intervals.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 15th June, 1880.

FRENCH LINE.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

THE first-class steamer COCHIN, 2,081 T. R., will sail for MARSEILLES direct, on SATURDAY, the 29th inst.

She has accommodation for a few first-class passengers only.

TERMS MODERATE. Apply to

RALLI BROTHERS, Agents.

COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all chief Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and ALL PARTS of the GLOBE.

The arrangements for travelling through India are under the special authority of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, and are intended exclusively for International Travellers.

As the sole accredited agents of the Italian Government Railway Administration, THOS. COOK & SON issue tickets to through passengers from India, which will enable them to visit Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, &c., at reduced fares.

For full particulars apply to THOS. COOK & SON, 8, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY (originators of the European Tourist and Excursion system, established 1841.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

A CONSIDERABLE business has been done this last month, a steady increase taking place in the consumption. An interesting and important trial of Australian Claret took place at the Scott's Hotel, where a company of experts and others met for the purpose of comparing them with the best French Claret. The Wines were those usually sold at the hotel, and after carefully comparing them it was found that over TWO TO ONE WERE IN FAVOUR OF THE AUSTRALIAN WINE, which is sold at one-third of the price of the French Wine. We should mention that the judges did not know until after the trial which was Australian and which French, though the latter was the best that could be had and the Australian Caldwell & Co.'s No. 1 Claret.—*Australasian Trade Review*, April 12, 1882.

The above excellent Wine is on sale at the godowns of the undersigned.

Bombay Bottled	Rs. 18 per doz. qrts.
Australian Bottled	Rs. 20 do. do.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo-street.

J. NEUBERG,

5, Meadow-street.

TOBACCO FACTORY.

NEUBERG'S SPECIALITIES, MANUFACTURED DAILY fresh and fresh, and acknowledged throughout India as being far superior to the best of IMPORTED preparations, combining every DESIDERATA acquired in Tobacco by Smokers of all degrees.

NEUBERG'S
"GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE,
The Prince of Smoking Mixtures.

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN SHAG,
Deliciously Fragrant.

NEUBERG'S
VIRGINIA HONEY-DEW,
"An old Smoker's choice."

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN LEAF BIRD'S-EYE,
The Bird's-eye for India par excellence.

SAMPLES AND PRICE-LISTS ON APPLICATION.

TRADERS LIBERALLY SUPPLIED.

CIGARETTES.
Mild, Medium, and Full Flavored.
Manufactured Daily.
Deliciously fresh.
14 Brands to select from.
Illustrated Price List forwarded on application.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS
of all descriptions k

J. NEUB
5, MEADOW-STR

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 2nd August, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on MONDAY, 31st July, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on FRIDAY, 28th July, 1882, at 1 p.m.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 26th July, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTISTS' COLOURS
AND
MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Manufactured by
WINSOR and NEWTON,
On sale by their appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
Catalogues free on application.

REDUCED PRICES.

TREACHER'S
SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,
Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.
1 lb. tins, Cash As. 14.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
GLENLIVET WHISKY
IS a blend of the FINEST WHISKIES that Scotland produces.
Cash per doz. Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld

THE COMPANY'S WHOLESALE QUARTERLY PRICE CURRENT
OF
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., &c.,
FOR JULY, 1882,
Sent Free on receipt of Professional or Business Card.

TREACHER & CO., Limited.
BY APPOINTMENT,

CHEMISTS, &c.,
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FISHING TACKLE,
SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED FOR INDIA.

BAITING NEEDLES.
CLEARING RINGS.
DISGORGERS.
FLIES, Artificial.
FLOATS, Cork and Quill.
GAFF HOOKS.
GIMP and GIMP TRACES.
GUT, Salmon and Trout.
GUT CASTING LINES, single, double, and treble.
GUT TRACES, single and double.
HOOKS, single and treble, loose, and on gut.
HOOKS on GIMP, single, double and treble.
LEAD SINKERS.
LINES, Plated Silk, Waterproof Silk, and Twisted silk and Hair.
PHANTOM MINNOWS and Artificial Fish.
REELS with secret checks.
RINGS and KEEPERS.
RODS, Fly, General, Salmon, and Trolling.
SHOT CUTTERS and Pliers.
SILK for binding and mounting.
SPOON BAITS.
SWIVELS, assorted.

Detailed Price Lists upon application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER.
THE NEW SEASON'S PREPARATION of this deliciously refreshing Beverage has arrived, and fully maintains its high reputation

Quarts, per doz., Cash,	Rs.	7-12
Pints	,, ,,	5-4

SOLE AGENTS
TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TO GYMKHANAS,
REGIMENTAL CRICKET CLUBS,
AND OTHERS.

TREACHER & COMPANY
HAVE ON SALE,
CRICKET KIT
Of very superior quality ;
(ALSO)
ARCHERY, BADMINTON, LAWN TENNIS, FOOT BALL
GOLF, QUOITS, RACKET AND
GNNERAL GYMKHANA KIT.
DETAILED PRICED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

INVALIDS' SHERRY.
KEMP'S DRY CADIZ,
Per dozen
Quarts, Rs. 24, Pints, Rs. 13,
IS strongly recommended for Invalids as a pure, unadulterated, wholesome, and delicate Wine.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

EGYPT.

THE following are most useful in protecting the Eyes against Flies, Sand, and Glare :—

	Rs.	a.
SMOKE-COLOURED GLASS GOGGLES with Gauze Sides and Elastic Cords ...	2	0
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED, Spoon Shape GLASSES, in Blue Steel Frames...	4	0
BLUE or NEUTRAL TINT Spoon Shape GLASSES of cheaper make	2	8
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED Horse Shoe GLASSES, with sides, in Blue Steel Frames	5	0
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED RAILWAY GLASSES, with Gauze Sides, in Blue Steel Frames	6	8
PINCE-NEZ, and SPECTACLES for long, short or stigmatic sight, with Smoke-coloured or Faint Blue Lenses, in Nickel-plated frames	5	0

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, AT 9 P.M. (Bombay time).
GRAND OPTICAL REPRESENTATION,
by the celebrated
PROFESSOR WILLIAM DOERING.
Not to mistake with so-called Panoramas, Dioramas or other such representations.
For full particulars see handbills and programmes.

NOTICE.
S. S. THESSALY.

THIS steamer will sail on 1st August for Antwerp, and has accommodation for a few saloon passengers on reasonable terms.—Apply to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

MR. HENRY ROGERS, junior, has been admitted a PARTNER in our firm from this date.
Bombay, 27th July, 1882. ROGERS & Co.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the CORPORATION as already advertised will be held here at 3 o'clock p.m. TO-DAY (FRIDAY).

H. WYNFORD BARROW.
Clerk Muni. Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 28th July, 1882.

JUST RECEIVED,
PLAYING CARDS,
A LARGE AND CHOICE SELECTION FROM THOS. DE LA RUE & CO.
Each Pack neatly boxed.

	Rs.	a.
Palace Gold "Dexter" Moguls, with Patent Index-Pips and Rounded Corners	2	4
Palace "Dexter" Moguls, with Patent Index-Pips and Rounded Corners	2	0
Palace Gold Moguls	2	4
Extra-Figured Moguls	1	12
Gold Moguls, Japanese Lacquer, with Rounded Corners and Ordinary Pips..	1	12
Gold Moguls	1	8
"Slider" Moguls, extra thin and highly finished, with Rounded Corners and Ordinary Pips.. ...	1	8
Figured Moguls, Fancy Backs	1	4
Figured "Dexter" Moguls, with Patent Index-Pips and Rounded Corners	1	8
Club-House Moguls :—plain, white or plain pin backs	1	4
Second Moguls—Gold..	1	0
Third Harrys, rounded corners and ordinary pips.	0	12

COOPER & COMPANY,
Bombay : Meadow-street. Poona : East-street.

TRIPLE
EXTRACT OF ROSES,
A VERY lasting, delicious Perfume for the Handkerchief, extracted from the best materials and choicest flowers.
Per bottle Rs. 2-8.
☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER and Co., Booksellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON & Co.,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PARISIAN
HAIR-DOUCHE,
A NOURISHING and STRENGTHENING TONIC for the HAIR, a valuable article for the Toilet, strengthens the hair, promotes its growth, and keeps it free from scurf and dandriff, imparting a cooling sensation to the head.
Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 per bottle.
☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER and Co., Book-sellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON & Co.,
CHEMISTS, &c.,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW CROP
KANGRA VALLEY TEAS.
"CHAHPORE" ESTATE.
WE have received our first batch of New Season Crop of the above VERY CHOICE TEAS. We have only two kinds in original packets, viz., Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-12 per lb.; Universal Mixture, Re. 1-4 per lb. We guarantee all our Teas to be of the best quality, and can confidently recommend them to our patrons. Trial orders solicited

BY
B. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS, &c.,
BOMBAY AGENTS,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT.

KEMP & Co., Limited,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
AND
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal 1873.)
WHOLESALE PRICE LIST FURNISHED ON RECEIPT OF CARD.
GENERAL PRICE LIST IN THE PRESS.
SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

INVALIDS' PORT.
KINLOCH'S DOUBLE DIAMOND PORT,
Per dozen
Quarts, Rs. 30. Pints, Rs. 16.
AFTER many years' experience this is prescribed by Medical Men as the best Invalids' Wine in the Market.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.

Incorporated with Limited Liability, under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1880, whereby the liability of Shareholders is limited to the amount of their Shares.

Capital, £1,000,000 in 50,000 Shares of £20 each.

First issue, £500,000, in 25,000 Shares fully paid up.

£1 per Share payable on application.

£1 per Share payable on allotment.

£3 per Share payable on 1st November next.

Further calls not to exceed £5 per Share, nor to be made at less than three months' interval.

DIRECTORS.

ALBERT DEACON, Esq. (Messrs. E. & A. DEACON, London.)
J. A. MAITLAND, Esq. (Messrs. MAITLAND & Co., China).
JOHN POTTER, Esq., Shipowner, London.
DAVID REID, Esq. (formerly of Messrs. REID, EVANS & Co., Shanghai).
H. D. STEWART, Esq. (Messrs. STEWART, THOMSON & Co., Manchester and London.)
W. M. STRACHAN, Esq. (Messrs. W. M. STRACHAN & Co., Yokohama).
With power to add to their number.

BANKERS.
THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. HARWOOD AND STEPHENSON, 31, LOMBARD STREET, E. C.

BROKERS.
Messrs. HOPE, DODGSON, & NEWBERY, 26, ROYAL EXCHANGE, E.C.
Messrs. KERR, ANDERSON, MUIR, & MAIN, GLASGOW.

TEMPORARY OFFICES.
12, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON.
SECRETARY (*pro tem.*)
THOMAS WISE, Esq.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

THIS Company has been formed with the object of acquiring and working a fleet of high-class Steamships, to trade between Great Britain and China, Japan, and the Straits Settlements.

The distinctive feature of the Company will be the introduction into its business of that mutual or co-operative principle which has been applied with such marked success to corporate enterprises in the East, and through the working of which, in this undertaking, the Contributors of Freight, being Shareholders, will become *pro rata* participants in the profits of the carrying trade.

The first charge upon the Company's profits in each year, after paying all expenses and putting aside a sufficient sum for Depreciation and Boiler-Fund or Reserve, will be a payment to the Shareholders of a Dividend of 10 per cent. on the amound paid up on their Shares. Of the balance, three-fourths will be divided rateably among Contributors of Freight holding not less than five shares, and one-fourth among the Shareholders generally.

Applications for Shares will be received by the Bombay Agent of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank up to 14th September, where payments must be made at the sight rate of exchange on London of the day on which they are due.

Forms of applications for Shares and full prospectuses may be obtained from the Bank where Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be inspected.

Bombay, 26th July, 1882.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
,, ,, ,, Overland Summary,
,, ,, ,, Weekly Budget,
,, ,, ,, Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

FEBRUARY 15, 188

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S CHOICE SPARKLING WINES.

Cash per dozen Quarts. Rs. a.			Cash per dozen Pints. Rs. a.
27 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE	Saumur... 15 0
	Pure excellent quality, perfect condition.		
34 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE ...	Treacher's Light Dry... 18 8
	A wholesome, genuine Wine, suitable for general consumption.		
40 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE...	Treacher's Dry Creaming Sillery... 21 8
	The produce of one of the best districts of France, in brilliant order.		
50 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE...	Perrier Jouet's finest Dry... 26 8
	Pale and Dry ; exquisite flavour.		
50 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE ...	Giesler's "For India"... 26 8
	This is Messrs. Giesler and Company's finest brand, and is undoubtedly the best Wine of its class imported into India.		
55 0 ...	Sparkling ...	CHAMPAGNE...	Heidsieck's Dry Monopole... 29 0
	A famous Dry Wine.		
34 0 ...	Sparkling ...	MOSELLE ...	...Superior quality... 19 0
	Choice with charming bouquet.		
41 0 ...	Sparkling ...	MOSELLE... ...	Finest Nonpareil... 22 8
	This is the finest Wine shipped, and is distinguished for its aroma and delicate flavour.		
30 0 ...	Sparkling ...	MOSELLE	...Fine quality... 16 8
	Pale Muscatel flavour.		
35 0 ...	Sparkling ...	HOCK	...Superior quality... 19 0
	A Wine with great flavour and softness.		
42 0 ...	Sparkling ...	HOCK ...	Finest Ehrenbreitstein... 23 0
	This is a magnificent Wine, and much admired for its superb qualities.		
38 0 ...	Sparkling ...	BURGUNDY ...	...Finest quality, Red... 21 0
	An exquisite Wine of great bouquet and delicacy.		

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY COMPANY,
FALKLAND-ROAD,
BOMBAY.

THE above Company has been started in Bombay, and is conducted under European management. We are now prepared to undertake WASHING for Steamers, Hotels and Clubs, at the CHEAP RATE of Rs. 3 per 100 pieces. Special arrangements made with Hotels and Clubs who desire to have their guests' linen washed, by us Any further information can be learned by calling on the MANAGER, or by letter addressed to the AGENT, American Steam Laundry Company.

THACKER AND CO., LD.,

NEW BOOKS.

THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE (ACT X. OF 1882)
Together with Rulings, Circular Orders, Notifications, &c., of all the High Courts in India, and Notifications and Orders of the Government of India and the Local Governments. Edited, with Copious Notes and Full Index, by W. F. Agnew and G. S. Henderson.
Rs. 18. POST FREE Rs. 18-12.

Bannatyne's Guide to the Examinations for Promotion in the Infantry :
CONTAINING QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ON REGIMENTAL DUTIES, IN TWO PARTS.
PART I.—RANK OF LIEUTENANT AND CAPTAIN. Rs. 4-8 ; POST FREE, Rs. 4-12.

Bombay University Calendar, 1882-83.
Rs. 2 ; POST FREE, Rs. 2-6.

Molesworth's Pocket-book of Engineering Formulæ.
New Edition, 1882. Rs. 3-12 ; POST FREE, Rs. 3-14.

ORDERS NOW REGISTERED FOR
RIDING : ON THE FLAT AND ACROSS COUNTRY.
A GUIDE TO PRACTICAL HORSEMANSHIP,
BY CAPT. M. HORACE HAYES.
CONTENTS.

1 HORSEMANSHIP.	5 WASTING FOR RACE RIDING.
2 RIDING OVER FENCES.	6 LADIES' RIDING.
3 RACE RIDING.	7 BRIDLES AND SADDLES.
4 STEEPLECHASE RIDING.	8 RACING SADDLERY.

Rs. 7 ; POST FREE, Rs. 7-6.
TO ARRIVE BY INCOMING MAIL.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

THORPE AND CO.
SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

OXFORD-CLOTH SHIRTS.
WE have just received our new patterns of this celebrated cloth, a rarely choice assortment.
Shirts, Collars attached, per ½ dozen, Rs. 30.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.
Pretty designs, Paris manufacture, all fast colours and durable materials.
Shirts, collar attached, Rs. 30 per ½ dozen.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts and Cuffs,
½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 25.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collar attached,
½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 27.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.
A large assortment of best wove Flannels, Silk and Wool, have just arrived, thoroughly shrunk, and especially adapted for wear in India.
Flannel Shirt, each Rs. 8-8 ; Silk and Wool Shirt, each Rs. 8-8.

SHIRT COLLARS.
Best Irish Linen, four fold, ESPECIALLY made to resist the rough usages in INDIAN WASHING.

Thorpe's Shakespeare, per doz. .....Rs.	5	8	Thorpe's Neglige Medium, stand-up, per doz. .....Rs. 5 8
Thorpe's Improved Dux, per doz. ...Rs.	5	8	Thorpe's Senate High stand-up .....Rs. 7 0
Thorpe's Military.....Rs.	5	8	Thorpe's Boy's Sailor Collars .....Rs. 4 0

THORPE AND CO.,
HATTERS, HOSIERS, GLOVERS, CIVIL AND MILITARY
TAILORS, AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM-STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 12. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.
BY SINA.
PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE.
1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
May be had at this office and at the book-sellers.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE & CO.
SALE OF CHOICE AND VALUABLE OLEOGRAPHS, &c., &c., in splendid and elegant gilt-frames, by the best artists, without reserve.
On TUESDAY, the 8th August, Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their auction-room, at 1 p.m., an invoice of oleographs, &c., comprising the following subjects :—
Maddona and Child, Flower-gatherer, The Gleaner, Waiting for Dinner, Butterfly, In the Alps, Sunset, Moonlight, Christ's Agony, Hunting Scenes, Morning and Evening, Waiting for Master and Camp, No More Bobby, The Cottage Nurse, Italian Boy and Girl, Intoxicated, Duke and Duchess of Albany, Johny's First Ride, Tvazing Johny, Fruit and Flower-girls, Mozart in London, The Reprobation, Lady of the Netherlands, Baby's Pleasures, In the Garden, Romeo and Juliet, The Morning Bath, Where shall our Knot be tied, The Waterfall, The Revenge, War, The Playfull Kittens, Engagement Rings, Midsummer Holidays, Summer, Winter, The Girl at the Well, St. Patrick's day, The Nunnery, Devotion, Courtship, The Proposal, The Dutch Coast, Halfway House, The Poacher, The Last Load, The Frozen River, The Smelling Bottle, The Defendant, Feeding the Robbin, Caught in the Act, Irish Beauty, Village Musician, Master not at Home, The Rest on the Road, Stag Hunt, England's Pride and Future, Polly's Breakfast, Fired out, Boer Hunt, Last Moments of Marry, Finding of Moses, The Fireman and the Sailor, and several small oleographs and papermache mirrors, &c., &c., &c.
The catalogues are ready and the paintings are now on view.
SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co.
Bombay, 28th July, 1882.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 29th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 33, Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla, opposite Messrs. Treacher & Co., the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, glassware, best plateware, handsome porcelainware, handsome brass bedstead, table ornaments, flower vases, handsome pictures, hanging argand lamps, carpets, &c , the property of G.O. Bingheim, Esq. The same comprises plain glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best plated cruet, sauce and egg frames, butter pots, ice pitcher, hotwater curry dishes, tea and coffee service, biscuit box, jam pot, waiters, dish covers, spoons and forks, piano candlesticks, table cutlery, blackwood and teakwood furniture such as dining-room, drawing-room, pier, side, writing, folding, sofa, round, dressing and washhand-tables, dining-room, drawing-room, easy, low, folding, straight and mallet pattern without-arm chairs, sideboard, whatnot, dumb-waiter, double and single screens, conversation, reclining and sofa couches, toilet, bat and book-stands, teapoys, handsome brass bedstead, side table with marble top, gown press, cupboard, wardrobe, chest of drawers, glass-door cupboard, cheval and dressing glasses, iron travelling bed, Brussel's carpet, table and hanging lamps, hanging argand lamps, flower-vases, table ornaments, handsome picture, copying press, kerosine oil cooking stove, bath, dispense and cook-room furniture, &c.
The above in on view.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY next, the 31st instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, dhotics.
6 ,, T. Red dresses.
2 ,, White handkerchiefs.
1 ,, serge.
5 ,, red ground prints.
By order of the Administrator-General, sundry effects of the late Capt. A. D. Weigall, and Mr. R. Sorby.
AT 3 P. M.
A powerful Australian mare with boat-shape carriage and harness.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 28th July, 1882.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Rs. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

OUR SEWING-MACHINES are now in use all over India, and are giving the greatest satisfaction. They are acknowledged by all to be the BEST. Send for illustrated catalogue.—H. A. GEYER & Co., 6, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NO SEWING-MACHINE has ever equalled the high excellency of Singer's Sewing-machines. Beware of imitation machines sold under various names by other shopkeepers. All information and illustrated catalogues post free. 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE, a bay C.-B. PONY, fast to ride and drive. Apply SURGEON HATCH, Malabar Hill.

WANTED, a SALESMAN who has had experience of Indent business.—Apply to EWART LATHAM and Co.

INVALID'S PORT, selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and specially recommended for invalids and convalescent. Qts. and Pts. at Rs. 2-8 and Re. 1-1. Fernandes & Co., Chemists.

TO BE LET, for the season, FILGATE LODGE at Kirkee, well furnished. Apply to Messrs. CURSETJEE & SONS, Kirkee, or Mr. DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT, Hornby Row, Bombay.

COOKING STOVES, with pots, pans, and piping, complete : No. 6, Rs. 80 ; No. 7, Rs. 100. J. NEUBERG, Meadow-street, Bombay.

TO MERCHANTS & BROKERS.—For Hire from 1st August, a decent Carriage and Horse for any period. Apply A. B. C., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, Field Service Kit specially manufactured by Thomas White, of Aldershot. Apply to Messrs. KING, KING & Co., 4, Church Lane, Bombay.

A FRESH consignment of Munich Export Beer, just landed ex Peshawar, at Rs. 6-8 per dozen quarts. Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Volkart Brothers.

NOOR MAHOMED & Co., 34, Meadow-street.—Overland Passengers and Travellers can be supplied with every requisite at a moment's notice.

INDIA-RUBBER SOLUTION, guaranteed waterproof for repairing bicycle tyres, diving dresses, rain coats, &c., can be had at Re. 1-8 per tin from JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5 ; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

JUST unpacked a small parcel of THE ANTI-STYLOGRAPH PENS ; a self-feeding reservoir penholder carrying a pen with ordinary nibs, ready for immediate use. Price, Rs. 2 each.—BARTON & Co., CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 27.

THERE has been no improvement to-day in the state of business generally. The result of the tenders of steam tonnage to Government has been the all-absorbing topic, and outside of this there has been absolutely nothing doing. In produce there is quite a cessation of buying, owing to the position of freights; and imports, although firm, are not sufficiently brisk to fill up the vacuum.

Telegraphic communication is still somewhat erratic. Some private messages of yesterday's date have come in, but through Reuter the latest commercial advices are of Tuesday. From these we perceive French Rentes are still at 114¾, but Consols are ⅛ lower at 99⅞, and Rupee Paper 3-8 lower at 83½ for Fours and 89 5-8 for Fours-and-a-half. The Indian Sterling Loan is unchanged at 100½, and Exchange Bank shares remain as previously quoted.

In the General Produce markets Coffee is 1s. higher for Mid Plantation Ceylon at 69s. per cwt. Ceylon Cocoanut-oil is unchanged, but Cochin is quoted 10s. per ton higher. Seeds and Wheat are practically as last quoted.

The Manchester Piece-goods market is reported firm, with an advance of 1d. per piece in fine goods and 3d. in 11 lb. Shirtings. Cotton in Liverpool on Tuesday closed strong for Americans, firm for Surats, the day's sales being estimated at 15,000 bales. In spot prices an advance of 1-16d. is quoted in Mid-Uplands, but all other quotations remain unaltered. In New York the rate for ready Mid-Uplands is still 12¼ cents., but October shipment has advanced from 11·91 to 11·97 cents. per lb. The receipts at the U. S. ports show the following comparisons :—

	1882.	1881	1880.
Four days	4,000	7,300	6,300
Total since 1st September.....	4,556,000	5,701,300	4,898,100

EXCHANGE.—Sterling has been very quiet to-day and practically rates are unaltered. One bank has been a seller of ready telegraphic at 1s. 8d., at which a small amount of business has been done, but there have been no trade bills offering, and for the time being the banks are having the market pretty well to themselves. Reuter's report of the tenders for Council Drafts in London yesterday has not yet come to hand, but it is said that private messages advise 1s. 8d. as the average rate, at which 27 per cent. of the tenders has been allotted. Bar Silver Reuter quotes at 52 3-16d., but private advices still give 2d. per oz.

Closing quotations here to-day :—

Bank Bills on demand	..1s. 8d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	..1s. 8d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	..1s. 8⅛d.	,,
Credits 3 ,, ,,	..1s. 8⅛d.	,,
Francs 3 ,, ,,	..2s. 1¾d.	,,

On Calcutta we quote demand at 3-32 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at 7-16 discount,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been extremely dull. Opening at Rs. 100 9-16 for Fours, it was evident the tendency was distinctly in favour of a decline, and no business was done until Rs. 100⅜ was touched, at which a small amount changed hands. Even at this level, however, there are few buyers, and unless the news respecting Egypt comes more favourable a further fall seems probable. Fours-and-a-half are at Rs. 107½ nominal.

SHARES.—The market is firm, and such transactions as are reported show a tendency in favour of holders. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are steady, and in some cases Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 higher. Press Companies are firm and practically unchanged. Bank of Bombay are just the turn in buyers' favour, business having been done at ¼ per cent decline.

COTTON has been unaltered in every respect. For export buyers are quite out of the market but holders meanwhile are very firm.

WHEAT is dull at previous prices, buyers having suspended operations in the present position of freights, whilst supplies are so small that dealers decline to reduce their figures. The same may be said of Seeds, in which transactions are limited to the completion of existing engagements.

FREIGHTS.—In the shape of actual engagements for shipment there is simply nothing doing, all interest being concentrated in what Government may take up for transport. The report this afternoon is that about 20 steamers have been accepted, and should this prove to be the case we shall, no doubt, see comparatively high homeward freights for a time. There are, however, a considerable number of boats between here and Suez, and so soon as Government requirements are satisfied we may look for owners being easier to deal with, as the extent of produce available for shipment is very [illegible] For Liverpool the nominal quotation for [illegible] 35s., but shippers decline to engage [illegible]dy at previous prices, and [illegible]ve.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible] heard of any [illegible] absence of [illegible]diff, is [illegible]

The [illegible] Williams [illegible] of 31,067 mau[illegible]

THE steamer H[illegible] Jones, arrived in harbo[illegible] (30th June), with a cargo o[illegible] vessel is consigned to Messrs. M[illegible] Co.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Nizam, [illegible] Captain P. Harris, which arrived in harbour [illegible] the 26th instant from Calcutta, &c., brought the following cargo :—From Hongkong—805 packages silk, 51 packages silk piecegoods, 100 bottles quick-silver, 25 cases vermillion, 1 box gold chains, 2 boxes gold leaves, 4 boxes specie, 188 packages tea, and 6 packages sundries. From Shanghai.—16 packages tea, 95 packages silk, and 3 packages silk waste. From Singapore.—33 packages silk, 3 cases mace, 8 cases benzoin, and 1 package garrow wood. From Calcutta.—157 packages papers, and 95 packages tea. From Madras.—396 packages sugar and 40 packages coffee. From Colombo.—1 box gold. From Penang. —5 packages mangoostan and 1 case cigars.

ARRIVAL.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	From
27	Hampshire (s)	Jones	Cardiff, June 30.

The barque Moel Rhiwan, Williams, to Calcutta, obtained her port-clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Pekin, to China, &c.
Steamer Nizam, to London, &c,

HIGH COURT.—JULY 28.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Chamber matter for Judgment.

In the matter of the Indian Company's Act X of 1866 and in the matters of the New Fleming, the New Alexandra, the Nursery and the Colaba S. and W. Companies in liquidation.—Ardesirand H.—Nowrojee Furdoonjee and another, petitioners, the Bank of Bombay and other creditors—Hore C. and B., and Macfarlane and E.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

211-76—Macfarlane and E.—Hajee Jackaria Hajee Joonas vs. Hajee Cassum Hajee Abdool Succoor—Prescot and W. and Skipsey and Wilkins.—Part heard.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

490-80—Macfarlane and E.—Jeram Hemrai and others vs Dadabhoy Cullianjee and others—Hore C. and B.—Part heard.

324-81—Crawford and B.—Nusserwanjee Merwanjee Panday vs J. Gordon and others—Craigie, Lang and O. and Hearn and C.

513-80—Khanderao M., for pauper—Karamally Mahomed Jaitha vs Sonbai and another—Moreshwar L.—In person.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice LATHAM.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

91-82—Prescot and W.—Thucker Kessowjee Jadowjee vs Pemavathoo and another—J. B. and D.; and H. C. and B.

220-80—Payne and G.—Dossibai and another vs the Hon'ble Morarjee Goculdas and another—Tyabjee and D.

88-80—Pestonjee K.—C. A. Turner vs Mohunlal Tockersey—Nanu and H.

281-81—Hore C. and B.—Cursondass Shamjee and another vs Wadhjee Coorjee and others—Shapurjee and T.

515-80—K. M. Sayani (for pauper)—Damodhur Ramchundra Pandit vs Vundo Ramchunder Ranade—Muljee and B.

557-80—Jefferson B. and D.—Heeralal Jumnadas vs Pujaralal Kashiramjee and another—Tyabjee and D.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 24.

Montgomery, Lieut., 19th Bombay N. I., on leave, from Poona.

JULY 25.

Grant, Lieut. Col., Staff Corps, from leave, from England.

JULY 27.

Griffiths, Lieut. Col., 3rd Sikh, on leave, from Dera Ghazee Khan.

Gibant, Captain, Wiltshire, on leave, from Murree.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 25.

Greig, Col., R. E., from leave, to Poona.

JULY 27.

Hailes, Captain, Qr. Mr. Genl. Dept., from leave, to Allahabad.

Wace, Bt. Major, R. A., from leave, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.
Bombay, July 27.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the corps from this date and posted to Companies as follows :—Vols. G. B. Stacey, M. Geudera, M. R. Cleary, J. W. Harrhy, E. T. Goodall, G. Pinsent, C. Pinsent, J. W. Robinson, W. Chrishom, W. B. Smith, M. X. DeSouza, H. Nicholson, and J. E. Rozario, to E. Company ; and J. D. Marshall, to C. Company.

By order,
W. M. TENNENT,
Capt. and Actg. Adjt., B. V. R. C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, July 22.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

[illegible] the Queen Empress of India, has been [illegible] pleased to appoint Mr. T. C. Hope, [illegible] of the Bom. C. S., to be an Ordinary [illegible] the Council of the Govr. Genl. of India, [illegible] on the afternoon of this day, taken [illegible] the usual salute, as an Ordinary [illegible]id Council.

BRITISH BURMAH ORDERS.

(*British Burmah Gazette.*)

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

With the approval of the Maj.-Genl. Commdg., Surg. E. P. Frenchman is appointed to officiate as Civil Surg. of Thayetmyo in addition to his military duties.

Surg. P. W. Dalzell, Civil Surg. of Theyetmyo, is appointed to be Civil Surg. of Akyab, during the absence of Mr. C. W. E. Foster, or until further orders.

Mr. C. W. E. Foster, Civil Surg. of Akyab, is appointed to officiate as Supdt. of the Moulmein Central Jail, vice Mr. G. M. S. Carter, Supdt. of Police, during the absence of Surg-Maj. D. Sinclair, or until further orders.

Mr. K. G. Burne, Assist. Commr., assumed charge of his duties at the Hanthowaddy dist. headquarters on 30th June.

Mr. P. Hordern, Director of Public Instruction in British Burma, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, July 27.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. C. R. Phillips is appointed to be a Cant. Magte. at Malegaon.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following Native promotion is made with effect from the 15th June:—
16th Regt. N. I.—Havaldar Balwantrav Chowan to be Jamadar, vice Yacoobjee Israel, pensioned.

Capt. H. J. Fergusson, A.-de-C. to H.E. the Govr., is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers have been granted by the Secy. of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—
Surg. W. G. H. Henderson, seven days, urgent private affairs, without pay.
Capt. F. Stevenson, S. C., three months, medical certificate.
Condr. A. Tarrant, Ord. Dept., three months, medical certificate.
Surg. Henderson's permission to return to duty holds good.
Color Sergt. G. Robinson, Chief Warder, Central Military Prison, Poona, Unattached List, is promoted to Sub-Condr., with effect from the 6th July.
The services of Lieut.-Col. C. M. Griffith are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India.
The following promotions are made, with effect from the 25th June, vice Senior Apoth. Greengrass, pensioned :—
J. Aiken, to be Senior Apoth., and Asst. Apoth., First Class, H. Murray, to be Apothy., Second Class.
The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of H. E. the Govr. :—
Capt. G. H. Dean, 12th (Prince of Wales' Rl.) Lancers, to be acting A.-de-C. from the 25th July during the absence of Capt. H. J. Fergusson, Rifle Brigade, on medical certificate, or until further orders.
The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—
3rd Regt., N.L.I.—Subhedar Ramjee Chooltambay to be Subhedar Major, Jamadar Dowlut Sing to be Subhedar, and Havaldar Babajee Sait to be Jamadar from the 19th June, vice Dhondoo Ghowray, pensioned.
Jamadar Kaidar Doobay to be Subhedar and Color Havaldar Pandoo Newgay to be Jamadar from the 2nd July, vice Hyimjee Samueljee, deceased.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev. A. L. Onslow, B.A., Acting Chaplain of Ahmedabad, is appointed Chaplain of Belgaum Fort, continuing to act at the former station.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. J. H. O. Gleeson, Magte. of the Second Class in the Dist. of Kanara, to be a Visitor of the Dist. Jail at Karwar.

The Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint the Magtes. of the Firt Class in the Dist. of Kaladgi named below, to be Mages. in charge of the Divs. of that Dist. comprising the talukas mentioned against their respective names :—
Mr. H. Woodward,—the talukas of Bagevadi, Bijapur, and Muddebihal.
Mr. E. McCallum,—the talukas of Bagalkot, Badami, and Hungund.
Mr. A. S. Moriarty, Asst. Collr. in the Dist. of Poona, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Third Class in that Dist.
Mr. W. T. Morison and Sheik Jehangir Mian, Asst. Collrs. in the Dist. of Ahmedabad, are appointed to be Magtes. of the Third Class in that Dist.
The Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. E. L. Cappel, Magte. of the First Class in the Dist. of Sholapur, to be a visitor of the Dist. Jail at Sholapur.
Mr. L. G. Fernandez delivered over charge of the Second Class, Sub. Judge's Court at Kalyan in the Thana Dist., on the 15th instant.
Mr. G. F. Farran, B.A., barrister-at-law, Clerk of the Crown, has been allowed by H. M.'s Secy. of State for India an extension of leave for two months on medical certificate.
Rao Saheb Ganesh Chimnaji Wad, Mamlatdar of Khatav in the Dist. of Satara, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Third Class in that Dist.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Bahadur Kawramul Chandamul resumed charge of the office of Sindhi Translator, Edcl. Dept., from Mr. F. S. Mirza on 12th instant.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. B. Spring, Asst. Collr. of Customs, was allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and ten days from 29th April, inclusive.
H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—
[illegible]han Bahadur Adarji Jivanji to be Huzur Dy. [illegible] Surat, vice Rao Bahadur Jagjivandas [illegible], retiring.
[illegible]Ardasir Jamsedji to be Huzur Dy. [illegible] Khan Bahadur Adarji [illegible]t to continue to act as [illegible] further orders.
[illegible]aka to act as [illegible]t by Khan [illegible]urther [illegible]ist. Dy. [illegible] Ardasir [illegible]n as addi- [illegible]till further [illegible]
Mr. W. [illegible] Country Revenue Survey, [illegible]ave of absence for three months.
Mr. R. Courtenay was [illegible] to act as Dist. Registrar of Broach from [illegible]th ultimo until relieved by Mr. G. B. Reid.
Mr. A. D. Younghusband, Asst. Collr. Ahmedabad, was appointed to act as Dist. Registrar of Ahmedabad from 27th ultimo, during the absence of Mr. J. B. Richey, or until further orders.
The following appointments were made in the Registration Dept. :—
Mr. Ratiram Motiram, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Broach in the Broach Dist., to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Surat in the Surat Dist., from 22nd Feb.
Mr. Bhananah Dolatram, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka in the Ahmedabad Dist., to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Broach in the Broach Dist., from 25th March.
Mr. Kakubhai Himatram, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Thasra in the Kaira Dist., to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Hansot in the Broach Dist., from 8th March.
Mr. Kakubhai Himatram, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Hansot in the Broach Dist., to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Matar in the Kaira Dist., from 16th May.
Mr. Narbheram Navnitrai, Karkun, Registry Office, Broach, to be Third Grade, Proby. Special Sub-Registrar of Hansot in the Broach Dist., from 6th June.
Mr. Bapalal Lalbhai, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nadiad in the Kaira Dist. to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dhanduka in the Ahmedabad Dist., from 14th March.
Mr. Balvantrao Atmaram, First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dhanduka in the Ahmedabad Dist., to be First Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nadiad in the Kaira Dist., from 20th March.
Mr. Lalitanand Gaurinand, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Borsad in the Kaira Dist., to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Viramgam in the Ahmedabad Dist., from 18th March.
Mr. Motilal Dalpatram, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Viramgam in the Ahmedabad Dist., to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dholka in the Ahmedabad Dist., from 24th March.
Mr. Nanalal Mulji, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Matar in the Kaira Dist., to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Umreth in the Kaira Dist., from 22nd May.
Mr. Chhaganlal Parbhushankar, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Umreth in the Kaira Dist., to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Borsad in the Kaira Dist., from 6th March.
Mr. Karsanlal Mauji, Clerk in the office of the Insp.-Gen. of Registration and Stamps, to be Third Grade Probationary Special Sub-Rigistrar of Thasra in the Kaira Dist., from 2nd March.
Mr. G. A. Hight, Asst. Consvr. of Forests, N. D., has been allowed by H. M.'s Secy. of State for India an extension of furlough for fourteen days. Mr. Hight has also been permitted by the Secy. of State to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Brig. Sug. J. Pinkerton, M. D., resumed charge of his duties as Surg., European General Hospital, Bombay, on the 12th ultimo.
Mr. E. Lawrence, C. S., passed an examination in Arabic according to the Higher Standard on 19th inst.
Surg. F. F. MacCartie held the appointment of sub. pro-tem. Resident Surg.-European General Hospital, Bombay, from the 2nd to 30th April.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. B. Taylor, Exe. Engr., Second Grade, is posted to the S. M. Railways.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. H. C. Knox, Asst. Engr., First Grade, Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway, has passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani.
Consequent on the death of Rao Saheb D. V. Dandekar, pro tem. Second Grade Mamlatdar of Khed, the following promotions are ordered with effect from 2nd July :—
Rao Saheb S. V. Datar, Third Grade Mamlatdar of Honavar, to be pro tem. in the Second Grade.
Rao Saheb V. G. Sathe, Fourth Grade Mamlatdar of Dapoli, to be pro tem. in the Third Grade.
Rao Saheb S. N. Shetti, pro tem. Fourth Grade Mamlatdar at Belgaum, is transferred to Malva in the Ratnagiri Dist.
Rao Saheb A. B. Paradkar, pro tem. Second Grade Mamlatdar of Sangameshvar, now doing duty at Malvan, is transferred to Khed.
Rao Saheb V. M. Kondvikar, First Grade Mamlatdar of Malvan, is transferred to Sangameshvar, but to continue to do duty at Dapoli.
Rao Saheb K. S. Chitre, pro tem. Third Grade Mamlatdar of Sampgaon, is transferred to Belgaum.
Azam Krishnaji Ballal Deval, Acting Chitnis to the Collector of Kaladgi, is appointed pro tem. Fourth Grade Mamlatdar of Sampgaon in Belgaum.
Surgs.-Major W. C. Kiernander and P. S. Turnbull, M. D., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Dy. Sanitary Comsr. Northern Deccan Registration Dist., on 19th ultimo.
Messrs. F. J. A. Hill and P. G. Scott respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Asst. Collr. of Salt Revenue, Thana Range, on 7th instant.
Mr. W. W. Wellis and Asst. Surg. Abdul Ghani Hakim, L. M., respectively delivered over and recived charge of the Mhasvad Extramural Convict Gang on 17th instant.
The following arrangements are ordered, with effect from the date on which Rao Saheb B. B. Tipnis, Second Grade Mamlatdar, is temporarily relieved of Forest special duty in the Satara Dist :—
Rao Saheb B. R. Tipnis, Second Grade Mamlatdar, to do duty temporarily in the Nagar Taluka of the Ahmednagar Dist.
Khan Saheb Ratanji Edulji Kanga, sub. pro tem Second Grade Mamlatdar, to revert to the Third Grade.
Rao Saheb Pandurang Wamon, sub. pro tem. Third Grade Mamlatdar, to revert to the Fourth Grade, and to do duty in the Rahuri Taluka of the Ahmednagar Dist.
Rao Saheb Mohoniraj Eknath, sub, pro tem. Fourth Grade Mamlatdar, to act as Mamlatdar, and to do duty in the Bhusaval Taluka of the Khandesh Dist.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

GRAEFENBERG
MARSHALL'S UTERINE
CATHOLICON,
Known and used for over Thirty Years by the most cultivated and refined among women. Physicians of great ability are now using this medicine in their practice for FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all complaints to which women are subject. It cures NERVOUSNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, encourages the APPETITE, and assists nature in restoring the system to a perfectly healthy condition. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.
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OPTICIANS AND JEWELLERS,
2, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that they have TAKEN OVER the entire STOCK of OPTICAL GOODS of Dr. A. MENIST, the well-known Oculist Optician, as well as his valuable instruments for suiting the sight.
The superiority of Dr. Menist's Pebbles is well known throughout India, and in order to place them within the reach of every one, he has now fitted them in steel frames, which they are authorised to sell for the price of the Pebbles only.
Dr. Menist's pamphlet may be had free on application ; it contains numerous testimonials to his successful treatment, many of the cases having been previously in the hands of other Oculists, who had failed to find a remedy, and it also contains, for the benefit of persons who cannot pay us a visit, a sheet of questions, the answers to which, when carefully given, will enable us to select suitable glasses.
Up-country orders attended to promptly.
Testing Glasses sent on application.
C. MARCKS & Co.,
Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BIRTHS.

LUCKSTED—July 20, at Kamptee, the wife of Henry Luckstedt, Executive Engineer, of a daughter.
MACKENZIE—July 22, at Cawnpore, the wife of A. F. Mackenzie, of a daughter.
NORTON—July 20, at Bezwada, the wife of Thomas P. Norton, Inspector of Police, Gaanadaram, of a son.
POHTER—July 21, at Pachmari, the wife of Lieutenant G. M. Porter, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.
PRAZER—July 17, at Yercaud, Shevaroy Hills, the wife of Samuel Prazer, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

RITCHIE—THACKERAY—July 20, at Roorkee, John Gerald Ritchie, Bengal Civil Service, to Amy Margaret, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel E. T. Thackeray, V. C., R. E.

DEATHS.

GARDNER—July 20, Stewart William Gardner, Zemindar of Munowra, Ktah District, N.-W. P., son of the late Rear-Admiral Francis Farrington Gardner, R. N., aged 70 years and 2 days.
PRAZER—July 23, at Yercaud, Shevaroy Hills, Annie, wife of Samuel Prazer, aged 43 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.

"S. D."—You should have sent your name and address with the letter.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1882.

THE vote of credit asked for by Mr. Gladstone is being subjected to the combined opposition of Conservatives and Radicals. It is not easy to say who these Radicals are. There will be the Irish members, no doubt ; and Sir Wilfrid Lawson, and, perhaps, half-a-dozen more. These gentlemen object to any vote at all. The Conservatives, on the other hand, consider the vote not large enough. There is very little reality in an opposition of this character. A few members of the Peace Association may resist the vote on principle, so also may the Irish members ; but the object of the Conservative opposition is simply to afford occasion for a debate on the general Egyptian policy of the Government. The Conservative leaders know perfectly well —as their own experience in Afghanistan will teach them—that a preliminary vote is no criterion of the ultimate cost of a war. But as the vote of credit gives the first opportunity for discussing the Government policy, everyone is entitled to have his say. The result, however, is not at all doubtful. The Conservatives will withdraw their opposition, a few peace-at-any-price men will probably press for a division, but, in the end the Government will obtain the vote almost unanimously. The military preparations are not in any way affected by the debate in the House of Commons. The formal proclamation has been issued calling out the reserves, and by the appointed day, it is to be hoped, the transports will be ready to sail. A telegram from Alexandria states that Arabi Pasha shows no sign of approaching Ramleh. This is reassuring so far as Bombay is concerned. Yesterday a variety of extraordinary rumours obtained currency throughout the town. According to one report, Arabi Pasha had attacked the British and slain seven hundred of them. According to another, the body of the redoubtable Egyptian had been discovered floating in the Mahmoudiyeh Canal. Both were so obviously absurd that it is surprising they created so much attention as was, for a few hours, bestowed upon them. It is satisfactory to know that the Khedive has "declined a proposal made by the Egyptian Administration that he should offer an amnesty to Arabi Pasha's principal officers on condition that they deliver up Arabi." It is surprising that such a circumstance as this should have been thought worth while telegraphing all over the world. The proposal is characteristic enough of the "Egyptian Administration," whatever that may mean, and might, for aught we know to the contrary, have commended itself to the Khedive, were not that personage officially merged, for the time being, in the greater personality of Admiral Sir Beauchamp Paget Seymour. That a British Admiral should have declined such an ignoble suggestion was so natural that it was not worth while dignifying the action by giving it publicity. It is amusing to learn at this stage of the proceedings that the Sultan has "agreed in principle" to the despatch of Turkish troops to Egypt. Turkish diplomacy is not usually so far behind the march of events. Perhaps the Sultan realises that Mr. Gladstone is attacking a hornet's nest, and ironically affects to ignore his expedition. Mr. Gladstone thinks it is hopeless to expect Turkish intervention. Perhaps it is, under the conditions laid down by the European Powers, but, however aggravating the policy of the Porte may be now, it is quite within the range of possibility that the Government may have need of the Sultan before they get the Egyptian question satisfactorily settled.

WITH His Highness Mulhar Rao, ex-Gaekwar of Baroda, disappears, we may hope, the last of a type of Native Prince which, common enough but a few years since, is now an anachronism. It is but seven years since Mulhar Rao was removed from the *gadee*, and already it seems incredible that such a man could have ruled so important a State as Baroda almost within sight of Bombay from 1870 to 1875, and that it required a political cyclone to sweep him thence to Doveton House, Madras. It was not that he was a man of exceptionally evil qualities. He was weak by nature, but not a villain. Sir Lewis Pelly and Dr. Seward, when they came in contact with him during the crisis of his career, found him to be well-meaning, anxious for guidance, and desirous of profiting by the good advice given him. He had a reputation, which his acts had done much to justify, of being mentally little better than an idiot ; but this view of his capacity was erroneous. His education was almost *nil*, and vicious and profligate parasites prevented him from developing such mediocre qualities as he possessed. He was the fifth son of a dissipated father, His Highness Sivajee Rao, Gaekwar. His eldest brothers, Gunput Rao and Khunde Rao, succeeded in turn to the *gadee* upon the death of Sivajee Rao, and they both died without male issue. Gunput Rao was, like his father, an incompetent ruler ; Khunde Rao was not much better, but he had certain strong qualities which kept things together fairly well. In 1863 Mulhar Rao was accused, whether truly or not it is impossible to say, of having conspired to poison Khunde Rao, in order to ascend the *gadee* himself. The plot being discovered, Mulhar Rao was thrown into prison, and Bhau Sindhia, Khunde Rao's Prime Minister, was appointed to investigate the charge. The Dewan, after a long inquiry, pronounced Mulhar Rao guilty of having plotted with certain Mahratta Brahmins to poison his brother. Mulhar Rao was shut up as a State prisoner at Padra, while his accomplices were imprisoned in Baroda. It seems to us that the strongest presumption against the reality of this plot is raised by the fact that all who were implicated were not executed. Khunde Rao Gaekwar was not afflicted with humanitarian scruples. His punishments, as a rule, were severe to a fault. On one occasion he had a man dragged through all the streets of the city chained to the heels of an elephant When the elephant stopped at the last gate, the man, who had been literally flayed alive by the concussion along the rough roads, and ought to have been dead according to all precedent, sat up and asked for a drink of water. The elephant was directed to trample him quite out of life, but, more humane than the executioners, he refused to obey. Word was immediately sent to the palace that the criminal was possessed by a devil and could not be killed. Khunde Rao, having ascertained the facts, instantly sent his fiercest fighting elephant to the spot, and the animal, placing one of his forefeet on the man's body, dismembered him with his trunk. A ruler of this firm fibre was not likely to shrink from dealing out due retribution to his brother and the disaffected Brahmins, if they were really guilty of the crime laid to their charge. There was no want of vindictiveness in the family, as many incidents have abundantly proved.

While in prison Mulhar Rao was in constant apprehension of being himself carried off by poison. It is alleged that once or twice arsenic was actually administered to him, and he was much debilitated thereby. When Khunde Rao died at the end of 1870, Mulhar Rao took his seat on the *gadee*. As Her Highness Jumnabai, the younger widow of Khunde Rao, was about to give birth to a child, the British Government did not at once acknowledge Mulhar Rao, but when a girl, the Princess Tarabai, was born, his right was acknowledged. Then it became his turn to inquire into the doings of Bhau Sindhia with the poison-bowl. The unlucky Dewan was suspected of being the instrument in administering arsenic to Mulhar Rao while in prison at Padra. He was imprisoned, and it is said barbarously tortured. In eighteen months he died. It was generally believed at the time that his death was due to poison administered by force, as he refused to take it otherwise, and even denied himself necessary food in order to escape the doom which impended over him. All Khunde Rao's friends and influential adherents were marked out for vengeance. The military force of the State was disorganised by the disbandment of all who were suspected of affection towards the late Maharajah. Private property was confiscated arbitrarily, men were imprisoned on the most frivolous pretexts, and even the ladies of Khunde Rao's family were oppressively treated. The tyranny was systematic, which is more than could be said of anything else under Mulhar Rao's raj. Illiterate and wholly incompetent men, for the most part the greatest rogues in Baroda, were promoted to the highest offices. There is reason to believe that one of his officials embezzled thirty lakhs, which he had the prudence to send away to Rutnagherry before the crash came. Under two British Residents, Colonel Barr and Colonel Shortt, no official notice appears to have been taken of the gradual ruin of the State. But when in 1873 Colonel Phayre became Resident, his Puritanism was shocked at the idolatry and dissolute living which prevailed at the palace. He set his face against Mulhar Rao and all his works, and reported the gross misgovernment of the country and Mulhar Rao's enormities to the Government of Bombay. Sir Richard Meade, Mr. Ravenscroft, Colonel Etheridge, and a native gentleman, Moomtaz-ood-Dowla Nawab, were appointed by the Government of India to investigate the complaints, and they reported that His Highness had shown vindictiveness and violence towards a large number of persons, and that his administration was of a sort which showed that he was not a ruler who could be reasonably expected, of himself, to introduce a change of system, and effect the necessary reforms. It was therefore suggested that a Minister with proper qualifications should replace the Durbar officials, and that under the advice of the Resident, he should carry on the Government until a better state of things was established. The Government, acting on this suggestion, gave Mulhar Rao a period of seventeen months' grace, during which he was to carry out the recommendations of the Commission. The Minister appointed was Mr. Dadabhoy Nowrojee, a good financier, but without much, or indeed any, experience as a political administrator. He proceeded in good faith to redress the grievances of Mulhar Rao's victims, and thereby secured for himself the distrust and the covert opposition of the Gaekwar. Colonel Phayre, on his part, gave no sort of support to the Minister, alleging that if he had the will, he had not the power to do any good. The old Durbaris, who were afraid of being made to disgorge their plunder, took advantage of this attitude of the Residency, and fooled the Gaekwar to the top of his bent in his resistance to his own Minister. It became impossible to carry on the government, and the Dewan drew up a memorial to the Viceroy, which was sent by Mulhar Rao, praying for the removal of Colonel Phayre. This request the Government of India regarded as justified by the circumstances, and Colonel Phayre's recall was decided upon. The fact was not made public at once, but it came to the knowledge of the Gaekwar. Yet some days after an attempt was made to administer poison to Colonel Phayre. Was this attempt made by Mulhar Rao ?

The Bombay police, under Mr. (now Sir) Frank Souter, were set to work to find out the truth. In the result the Gaekwar was arrested, and an inquiry into his guilt was held by Commissioners, three of whom were Europeans, and three natives. Sergeant Ballantine, who was paid a lakh of rupees to come over from England for the defence, maintained before the Court of Inquiry that the case against His Highness was not made out. The learned Sergeant has recently, in his interesting book, put this view with considerable force. But if the Gaekwar was not guilty, at whose instigation was the arsenic and diamond-dust put into Colonel Phayre's sherbet? The counsel for the defence thought that it was not necessary to do more than point out the weak points in the case for the prosecution. "It is not for me," said Sergeant Ballantine, "to make out a case on behalf of the Gaekwar." The view expressed in that sentence was fatal to his client. If no case could be presented before the Court of Inquiry on behalf of the accused, it was so much labour lost to point out the somewhat obvious flaws in the case for the prosecution. For the process was in its essence political, and the decision ultimately arrived at was sure to be given in accordance with general probabilities, rather than with the technical points which would influence an ordinary court of law. In the result the three European Commissioners reported that Mulhar Rao had attempted to poison Colonel Phayre, and the three native Commissioners—the Maharajah Scindiah, the Maharajah of Cooch Behar, and Sir Dinker Rao—recorded their opinion that he had not. The Government of India, in a singularly illogical proclamation, stated that they did not assume that the result of the inquiry had proved the truth of the imputations, but having regard to the previous misgovernment of Baroda, and the Gaekwar's notorious misconduct, they had decided to depose him from the *gadee*, and to declare that he and his issue were henceforth precluded from all rights, honours, and privileges connected therewith. Clearly if Mulhar Rao was not guilty of the attempt to poison Colonel Phayre, it was not open to the Government of India to depart from the decision already arrived at, to give him a period of grace for the reform of his administration, the more especially as Sir Lewis Pelly had declared that His Highness had shown the utmost anxiety to carry out all his suggestions for the improvement of the government. As a matter of fact the decision was the result of a serious difference of opinion between Lord Northbrook, who held that Mulhar Rao was not cleared of suspicion, and should therefore be deposed, and Lord Salisbury, who considered that as the crime had not been brought home, the Prince should be restored to the *gadee*. It was understood that Lord Northbrook would have resigned if the latter course had been adopted. Consequently Mulhar Rao was deposed for offences extraneous to the charge for which he had been arrested and informally tried. In effect he was accused of one crime and punished for another. He deserved to be deposed no doubt, but his deposition should have been effected at an earlier period, and on quite other grounds. So far he had cause of complaint ; but substantially his fate was deserved, and no sympathy need be thrown away upon him. In the seven years since his removal to Madras Baroda has been regenerated. Sir Mahadev Rao is a great improvement on Nana Khanvalkur, and the well-trained, business-like Maharajah Sivajee Rao is an immense advance upon his predecessor. The difference is that between the incapacity of ignorance and corruption, and the administrative efficiency of men accustomed to regard affairs of State from the point of view of duty. The gain is great.

THERE is an old proverb about the prudence of not reckoning your chickens before they are hatched. The London *Times*, albeit an "august journal," is not always remarkable for temperate opinions. Throughout the whole of this Egyptian difficulty it has abandoned the attitude of thoughtful criticism which ought to belong to it, and has worked with what appears to be a set purpose to bring about intervention. In January last, its Paris correspondent insisted for some time that France and England had decided to intervene, but it turned out soon afterwards that M. Gambetta was at that time trying to induce the British Government to en

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

THE EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

STATEMENT BY MR. GLADSTONE.

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

A BRITISH PROTECTORATE.

OPPOSITION TO THE VOTE OF CREDIT.

LONDON, JULY 26, 4 A. M.

The House of Lords have agreed without a division to a motion that the expenses in connection with the despatch of the Indian Contingent to Egypt be charged to India.

Mr. Gladstone in the Commons said it was hopeless to expect Turkish intervention in Egypt, and that in default of the co-operation of other European Powers, England must act alone and put an end to the state of anarchy existing in Egypt. He calculated that the expedition would last three months.

The *Times* urges a British protectorate over Egypt in future.

ALEXANDRIA, JULY 25.

The British are fortifying Ramleh against the possible advance of Arabi Pasha.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 25.

Turkey has agreed in principle to the despatch of Turkish troops to Egypt.

(The above news has been greatly delayed in transmission.)

LONDON, JULY 26, EVENING.

The debate in the House of Commons on the vote of credit asked for by Mr. Gladstone continues. The Conservative and Radical members refuse to support it, and criticise the policy of the Government in Egypt. The Conservative leaders fear that the vote is quite inadequate considering the gravity of the crisis.

A proclamation has been issued calling out the Army Reserves.

ALEXANDRIA, JULY 26.

There are no signs yet of the enemy approaching Ramleh.

The Khedive has declined a proposal made by the Egyptian administration that he should offer an amnesty to Arabi Pasha's principal officers on condition that they deliver up Arabi.

DESERTION OF EGYPTIAN CREWS.

We have received the following from the Eastern Telegraph Company :—

SUEZ, JULY 27.

The crews of the two gunboats which left yesterday have deserted and gone to join Arabi Pasha.

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 27.

A Calcutta paper, in to-day's issue, predicts that the expenses of the Indian Expeditionary Force for service in Egypt will be met by an income-tax. I have the best authority for stating that such a surmise is without foundation. No fiscal alterations will be made under any circumstances during the current financial year.

Transport arrangements for the Egyptian service are being rapidly pushed forward. The resources of the railway service are being fully taxed. Bombay and Kurrachee are to be the ports of embarkation. The force will be accompanied by four transport officers and ten warrant and non-commissioned officers. A force of artillery will perhaps accompany the troops for service in Egypt.

BAR SILVER AND EXCHANGE. LATEST LONDON QUOTATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 26, 5 P.M.

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts upon India this afternoon tenders at 1s. 8d. received in full.

It is notified that the amount of Council drafts to be offered next week is 20 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed at 52d. per ounce ; market firm.

Four per cent. Rupee paper, 83½ ; Four-and-a-half ditto, 89⅝.

THE OPIUM CROP IN PERSIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 27.

The Political Agent at the Persian Gulf hears from Sheraz that the present year's opium crop in Fars has almost entirely failed.

THE BOMBAY OPIUM REVENUE.

The opium revenue in the Bombay Presidency for the month of June last fell short of the estimate by Rs. 6,87,000.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

SURRENDER OF A MURDERER OF LORD F. CAVENDISH.

LONDON, JULY 26.

An Irishman named O'Brien has voluntarily surrendered himself to the police in Venezuela, and confessed to having murdered Lord Frederick Cavendish.

OBITUARY.—Lord Keane.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

COLOMBO, JULY 27.

French mail-steamer Sindh, from China, arrived. French mail-steamer Tibre, from Calcutta, arrived.

SUEZ, JULY 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Navarino, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 24th inst.

PORT SAID, JULY 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Khandalla, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this evening.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed strong. Surats firm.

The London Cotton market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	4 9-16
The Manchester market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
8½ lbs. do.	7-1/4
40's Mule Twist	0-10¼
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1/8 1-16
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83⅛
4½ per cent. do.	89⅜
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅛
5 per cent. French Rentes	114⅝
Bar Silver	52 3-16

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JULY 27.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* direct cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, interrupted.

INDIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect beyond Hongkong. *Via* Amoor, perfect up to Amoy.

It is a noteworthy circumstance that the military feeling aroused by the events in Egypt has taken a very practical form in Bombay. During the last few days a considerable accession to the Volunteer Corps has taken place. Yesterday no less than twenty recruits joined the ranks, and this large recruitment is wholly due to the excitement resulting from impending military operations, and to the belief that it is the duty of everyone eligible for the Volunteer Corps to acquire a proficiency in the use of arms.

THERE has been a serious outbreak of cholera at Coorla, and within the last three weeks 25 cases were reported, some eight or nine of which proved fatal. Coorla possesses all the conditions necessary for a flourishing epidemic, the streets being heaped with indescribable filth, the nastiness of a great deal of it being intensified by antiquity. If the Municipal Commissioners of Coorla devoted to conservancy a little of the energy which they display in claiming a portion of the Bombay water-supply, their ill-smelling and unhealthy village would be greatly benefited.

WE have not yet heard the last of the coal frauds. Heerjee Souspal has been sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment for misappropriating 106 tons of coal ; but it is said that several European firms have been robbed of three thousand tons of black diamonds, and attempts are being made to bring other delinquents to justice. Mr. Khimjee Jeeva, muccadum to Messrs. Volkart Brothers, will shortly bring an action against a Parsee for similar frauds. Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co., we hear, have brought a civil suit for about a couple of lakhs against their muccadum, whom they hold responsible to make good the loss. Messrs. Graham and Co., however, intend pr[illegible]riminally. Messrs. Wallace and Co. a[illegible] and Co. will also resort to the

cases Heerjee Souspal will again figure in the court. To prevent a repetition of such frauds, European firms are negotiating with the Port Trust to undertake the charge of coal lying at the different bunders, on payment of certain fees for the protection.

A SUBSCRIPTION list has been going round for some days past among the prominent members of the native community for the purpose of defraying the expenses of an entertainment which it is proposed should be given to the Hon'ble L. R. Ashburner, C.S.I., on his retirement from the service. The entertainment, which is to consist of a *nautch* party, &c., will be given on the 10th August next at the bungalow of Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Malabar Hill.

THE dinner and ball to be given to Mr. and Mrs. Ashburner by the Byculla Club are fixed for the 11th August.

CAPTAIN FERGUSSON, of the Rifle Brigade, Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Governor, has been granted leave for six months, on medical certificate. Captain G. H. Dean, 12th (Prince of Wales' Royal) Lancers, is appointed Aide-de-Camp to the Governor during Captain Fergusson's absence.

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH HOLKAR is on his way back to Indore. He paid a visit to Naini Tal last week, on return from his pilgrimage to Badrinarain.

WE notice from the *Times* of the 26th June that at the last annual examinations at St. John's College, Cambridge, Mr. E. J. Soares, son of Mr. Joseph Soares of Bombay, obtained a prize for law for the first year, and has also been elected to an exhibition.

SIR FREDERICK ROBERTS was to present the Afghan war medals to the officers and men of the Bangalore garrison who were engaged in the campaigns, at a divisional parade on Wednesday morning.

A NATIVE paper, the *Nyayt Sudha*, published at Hurda, says that "wild rumours are afloat as to the number of native labourers who are said to have been killed at the Warora Colliery accident."

THE quantity of cotton shipped from Bombay to foreign external and foreign Indian ports during the month of June was 88,209 candies, value Rs. 1,67,49,380.

THERE were 6 deaths from cholera in Bombay city last week, as compared to 16 in the corresponding week of last year, and a mean of 37 for the third week in June during the previous five years. The total death-rate rose to 24·61 per thousand per annum, as compared to 35·26 last year and 36·87 the mean of the last five years.

REPLYING to an address from the Mahomedan community at Cuddapah the other day, Mr. Grant Duff said :—"It is a great comfort to me to hear that you have at present no grievances." Is it fair to infer that Mr. Grant Duff during his tour has found very few communities without troublesome complaints to bring to his notice ?

MAJOR T. DAYRELL, 9th Bengal Cavalry, is reported to have intimated his intention of accepting the terms of retirement offered in G. G. O. No. 282 of the 19th May last.

IT is reported in Calcutta that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal intends to hold, at Belvedere, a conference of district officers on the subject of local self-government.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Hon'ble A. Rivers Thompson, proposes to leave Calcutta about August 2 for a tour through the districts of Murreedpore, Dacca, Mymensingh, Backergunge, Pubna, Rajshahye, and Dinagepore. If there be time, the Lieutenant-Governor will visit Cooch Behar from Dinagepore.

A STRANGE statement made by the refugees from Egypt is that Arabi Pasha is entirely under the influences of a Swiss, who is advising him to all manner of violence, and urging resistance to the last extremity.

IT is definitely settled, the Singapore paper says, that Major-General Anson, Lieutenant-Governor of Penang, retires from the service of the Colony,—in fact, has already retired, —and considerable speculation is indulged in as to who will be his successor. It has been already settled that after General Anson's retirement, the office of Lieutenant-Governor is no more to exist in the Colony, the chief executive officer being a Resident Councillor, who will rank below instead of above the Colonial Secretary.

MR. HENRY SMITH, Chief Accountant in the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank at Hongkong, died suddenly on the 25th June.

THE Bandmann *v.* Fraser-Smith libel case is still *sub judice*, a Hongkong paper of July 6 says, and will probably be in that condition for some days longer.

OTHER members of Herr Bandmann's company, beside the principal, have found work for the courts of Hongkong. Mr. D'Orsay Ogden and his wife (Miss Nellie Fergusson) have been brought before the magistrate on a charge of assault, preferred against them by another member of the company, Mr. Alfred Donaldson. It appears that Mr. Donaldson, whose business it was to provide the properties, had failed to procure some flowers required by the lady, and an altercation took place between them behind the scenes, the lady averring that she had told him she should want the flowers, and the gentleman denying that she had ever said anything about them. The next day Mr. Ogden accused Donaldson of having called his wife a liar, and knocked him down with a blow from his clenched fist, proceeding then to thrash him over the neck, arms, legs, and back with a malacca cane. At this stage of the affair Mrs. Ogden came up, and enforced her husband's correction by slapping and scratching Donaldson's face and twisting his ear. The defendants gave a far less serious version of the affair, but the magistrate decided that the weight of evidence was in favour of the complainant's story. The first defendant was fined 10 dollars, and the second 5 dollars.

THE *North China Herald* of 30th June says :—We are in a position to state that no arrangement has been come to between Sir Thomas Wade and the Chinese Government in regard to the import and *lekin* duties on opium. Matters are therefore likely to remain as at present, it being very improbable that any further attempts will be made to establish one fixed and certain charge, at all events for some considerable time e.

A MONUMENT has been erected in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, to the memory of Lieutenant T. R. Henn, R. E., who was killed in command of the company of Sappers and Miners at Maiwand.

THE *Pall Mall Gazette* remarks :—Some people seem to believe that Mr. Gladstone preached in Midlothian the doctrine that England had no business to interfere to secure the safety of the Suez Canal. This is not only untrue ; it is the exact contrary of the truth. What Mr. Gladstone said in Scotland about the Suez Canal was not that it ought not to be protected, but that the purchase of the shares did nothing to protect it. The following extract from one of his speeches in the winter of 1879 brings this out very clearly :—Do not suppose that I am saying that the route to India is of no importance. . . . No doubt the Suez Canal is of importance ; but if war breaks out, and if the channel of the Suez Canal becomes vital or material to your communications with India, you will not secure it one bit the better because you have been foolish enough to acquire these shares. *You must secure it by the strong hand.* You must secure it by the superiority of your naval power. That superiority would secure it whether you are a proprietor of the Canal or not, and will not secure it a bit the better because you have chosen to complicate your already too complicated transactions with a new financial operation of that ridiculous description.

A CONFERENCE was held at New York, on July 7, between the council of seven appointed by the Chicago Irish Convention, the Central Council of the American branch of the Land League, and Michael Davitt, with the object of forming a Celtic Confederation in America in aid of Irish self-government. It was agreed that Mr. Parnell and others should be requested to join in perfecting the arrangements. It was also proposed that the executive of the Land League should issue a call through Mr. Parnell for a preliminary conference in America of representative Irish-American citizens, to consider the advisability of forming such a confederation throughout the world.

THE banquet held on the 13th inst. in Paris, *apropos* of the inauguration of the new Hotel de Ville, must have been a great municipal and international event. All the Mayors of French towns of 40,000 inhabitants and the Mayors of the leading towns of Europe were to be present. Among the latter, the Lord Mayor of London—if he attended, which was not certain, according to *Truth*,—would hold highest rank. Next to him would come the Burgomasters of Berlin, Vienna, Brussels, and Amsterdam, while the smaller representatives of foreign Bumbledom would be headed by the Mayor of Madrid. Add to these the President of the Republic, the Ministers, the chief members of Parliament, and the whole *corps diplomatique*, not to mention other officials, and some idea of the Gargantuan feast may be gathered. Chevet, of the Palais-Royal, was to preside over the *cuisine* ; he would be assisted by fifty cooks and two hundred waiters.

PROFESSOR JOHNSTONE STONEY gave, at a recent meeting of the Royal Dublin Society, an account of some experiments made by his son to determine, by means of indicator diagrams, the energy employed in driving a bicycle. The machine was an 'Xtraordinary, one of the upper links of which was replaced by a spring, a board carrying a paper being so placed that a pencil indicated the difference of pressure on the pedal. Professor Stoney and his son have travelled about 2,000 miles since the beginning of the year, and the average amount of muscular energy required is found to be equivalent to 7·3 food-pounds per minute, a great difference being found between rough and smooth roads, mud and stones, up-hill and down, and with or against wind. Experiment has shown, according to Professor Stoney, that there is no actual dead point in the machine.

THE LOCAL TRAINS ON THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you permit me, through your columns, to bring to the notice of the Traffic Manager of the G. I. P. Railway the fact that there is no train in the afternoon, suitable for local passengers leaving Boree-bunder after 4 o'clock, until 5·30, Bombay time, and as there are numbers of persons who do not leave office until 4, this arrangement compels them to use the tram, which is very inconvenient as well as expensive ? There are also a great number of parents who send their children to the Cathedral and English school, and they, I have no doubt, would hail with pleasure an opportunity of sending their children in and out by train, which they cannot do at present, as there is no train to suit them in the afternoon. The morning train service is convenient for all.

There is one other matter that I think is worthy of consideration, viz., the deposit of Rs. 5 for each periodical ticket-holder. The B. B. and C. I. Railway only demand Re. 1 : could not the G. I. P. Railway do the same ?

Bombay, July 25. PATERFAMILIAS.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us from Dharwar, 24th July :—

A meeting was held here on the 2nd instant, by the merchants, landholders, and other respectable and influential people for the purpose of forwarding a memorial to His Excellency the Governor in Council, Bombay, praying for the grant of the elective franchise, in respect of Municipal and Local Boards, to their town. Mr. Vyasrao Ramrao Desai, Inamdar, was called to the chair. The chairman, after a few preliminary remarks upon the subject of local self-government, called upon Mr. Anantrao V. Panandhekar to read the memorial.

Mr. Panandhekar read the memorial, the prayer of which is as follows :—"While expressing our deep sense of gratitude and our most sincere and heartfelt thanks to His Excellency the Most Noble the Marquis of Ripon for the great and everlasting boon that His Lordship has bestowed upon the inhabitants of this municipality, we beg in conclusion most earnestly to pray that your Excellency in Council will be graciously pleased under the circumstances stated above :—(1) to grant to us the privilege of electing our own members. This will involve the raising of our Municipality to the status of a city municipality, to which we have shown above it is perfectly entitled ; (2) to introduce the principle of elective Local Boards throughout the Dharwar District under such rules and restrictions as may be imposed by any legislation which may be in the contemplation of Government on the subject."

The memorial was translated into Canarese by Mr. Kristnrao Hanmant Vakil, and the people assembled having expressed their approval of it, it was adopted.

After a vote of thanks to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India for the grant of the elective franchise the proceedings terminated.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following are the Bombay District season reports for the week ended on the 26th inst. :—

Kurrachee.—No rain. Fall for the week at Kohistan 12·10, Schwan 4·03, Johi 4·60, Ghorabari 3·58, Sujawal 5·79 and Dadu 2·91. Fever in two talukas ; in case of small-pox at Sujawal. River at Kotri on the 24th, 18 feet against 15½ feet on same date last year. Some damage done to rice crops by rain in seven talukas. Wheat, red rice and Bajri in Kurrachee 24, 36 and 32 ; Manjhand 26, 32 and 46 ; Sakro 18, 40 and 45, and Shahdadpur 29, 32 and 48 respectively.

Shikarpur.—River 16 feet against 12 feet 11 inches on same date last year. Floods in Ghotki, Mirpur and Ubouro talukas. Kharif operations in progress. Public health fair. Days hot, nights cool. Rice, wheat and jowari in Shikarpur 25, 28 and 58 ; Sukkur 26, 28 and 60 ; Larkhana 23, 30 and 58 pounds per rupee respectively.

Hyderabad.—River high, some damage to crops in Hadin from heavy rain and in Guni from rain and breaching the Hajipur Band. Rain in five talukas, average 3·42. Wheat 25, jowari 44, bajri 39, red rice 32 and white rice 22 pounds per rupee.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Kharif operations nearly finished. Sowings continue. Weather hot. Public health fair. Wheat 28, rice 23, bajri 58 and jowari 64 pounds per rupee.

Ahmedabad.—Sowing progressing. Rain 25·23. Wheat 27 and bajri 31 pounds.

Panch Mahals.—Rain 8·32, total 39·2. Maize crops slightly damaged by heavy rain ; break in the weather since three days. Public health good. Average prices wheat 29, bajri 33 and maize 33 pounds.

Kaira.—Heavy rain everywhere, at Kaira 7·42, total 30·47. Sowing mostly completed. Transplantation progressing. Public health good. Slight cattle-disease at Borsad. Rice 30, wheat 31 and bajri 32 pounds.

Broach.—Rain 13·65, total 34·19 ; break since Saturday. Cotton crop much injured in low-lying lands in all talukas owing to heavy rain. Other crops generally good. Jowari 32, bajri 20 and rice 27 pounds. Public health good.

Surat.—Rain 6 inches, total 31·43 ; break commenced. Slight damage by excessive rain in some talukas to others ; young crops healthy. Jowari 33 and nagli 51 pounds.

Khandesh.—Fine weather succeeding rain. Young crops thriving, but in a few talukas slightly injured by excessive rain. Public health good. Rain 25 pounds.

Nasik.—Rainfall, Igatpuri 23·91, Peint 22·47, Dindori 4·55, Kalvan 4·10, Nasik 3·08, least in Nandgaon and Yeola, but sufficient. Early crops good. Bajri still being sown. Break wanted in places. Locusts in Nandgaon. Bajri 36, wheat 24 and rice 25 pounds. Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day, total of week 2·03, total to date 53·40, being 11·64 above average. Abnormal temperature rose from 2° cool on 19th to 4° warm on 25th. Vapour in air normal. Abnormal wind westerly from 19th to 21st, afterwards wind normal.

Thana.—Rain 7·58, total 60·38. Transplantation in progress. Second sort rice 27 pounds. Cholera in Kalyan and Salsette talukas, cases 24, deaths 15 ; fever in six talukas ; small-pox in taluka Murbad.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 24th inst.) —Rain at Alibag 4·66, total 64·21. Weather good. Cattle-disease in Mangaon and Mahad talukas. Transplantation in progress. Rice second sort 29 pounds 8 tolas, and tur dal second sort 23 pounds 8 tolas per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Rain 8·36, total 76·38. Rice transplantation nearly finished, that of nagli and wari in progress. Fever in three and cattle-disease in seven talukas. Prices unchanged.

Poona.—Partial break in weather. Four cholera cases in Bhimthadi, 2 fatal. Young crops healthy. Average prices bajri 43 and jowari 56½ pounds ; in Poona bajri 36½ and jowari 47½ pounds.

Ahmednagar.—Rain 1·74 in Akola and from 49 to 95 cents in other talukas ; more wanted. Sowing of kharif completed in Nagar and in progress in all other talukas. Cattle-disease in Parner 10 attacks, 2 deaths ; in Shrigonda 36 attacks, 12 deaths. Bajri maximum 60 in Jamkhed, minimum 45 in Kopargaon, jowari maximum 96 in Jamkhed, minimum 54 in Kopargaon. Total average rainfall in the District to date 10·96.

Sholapur.—Rain 23 cents, total 16·92. Cholera throughout district except Karmala : 96 cases, 34 deaths. Kharif sowing almost completed. Bajri 56 pounds 12 tolas and jowari 75 pounds 8 tolas.

Dharwar.—Rain as below, total of week in talukas ; maximum at Patan 22·47, minimum at Man 82 cents. Kharif crops partially injured by heavy rain. Break in weather anxiously looked for. Cattle-disease in two talukas ; cholera in seven talukas, cases 127, deaths 58. Bajri 50·21 and jowari 57·25 pounds.

Kaladgi.—Rain maximum at Bagalkot 1·35, minimum at Tungund 61 cents. Young crops good. Sowing progressed. Cholera in Sindgi and Bijapur. Jowari 85 and bajri 75 pounds.

Belgaum.—Heavy rain throughout district. Sowing operation stopped in some places and crops damaged in others owing to excess of rain. Break wanted. Twelve deaths from cholera in Athni Taluka. Bajri 64 and jowari 65 pounds.

Dharwar.—Rain maximum at Hangal 8·13, minimum at Mundargi 42 cents. Rivers Tungbhadra, Varda, Dharmavati in Gadag in flood. Some villages in Gadag, Ranebennur and Karajgi talukas, inundated. Much damage to houses and property. Several tanks burst. In Mundargi and Nargund pethas more rain wanted. In Bankapur, Hangal, Ranebennur, Karajgi, Laghati and Kod refusing to receive desired for sowing jowari and to prevent further damage to young crops. Public health good. Rice 22 and jowari 58 pounds.

Kanara.—Rain at Karwar 6·64, total 72·77 ; Kumta 17 inches, Sirsi 24·50, Haliyal 14·48. Weeding, transplanting and sowing in kumri lands continue. Cattle-disease, fever and small-pox subsiding. Heavy rainfall has damaged rice plants in several talukas. Rivers in flood, and in low places flooded, some huts washed away, but lives not lost. Rice common in Karwar 11½, in district average 15½ sers per rupee.

Rajkot.—Weather monsoonish. Rain 1·18, total 13·65. Crops thriving. General health fair. Cholera continues in some places. Bajri 26 and jowari 30 pounds.

Wadhwan.—Cholera in Civil Station, 3 cases, 2 fatal ; Vankaner 41 cases, 10 fatal ; Limbdi 1. Medical aid from taluka.

Baroda.—Rain 9·68, total 29·04. Transplantation of rice continues. Cholera abating in Kari Division, but increasing in Gaekwar's Kathiawar. Camp at Manekvada in Kathiawar. Bajri 30 and rice common 23 pounds per British rupee.

General Remarks.—Sowing mostly completed. Transplanting in progress. Partial break in weather. Crops injured by excessive rain in several districts. More rain wanted in parts of Ahmednagar and Dharwar. Fever and cattle-disease in a few districts. Cholera in Belgaum, Satara, Sholapur, Ahmednagar, Thana and parts of Kathiawar.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS !—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Band, Marine Battalion, Apollo-bunder, evening.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived yesterday :—Hampshire (s), from Cardiff.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Marine Battalion at the Apollo-bunder this evening (weather permitting) :—

March	
Overture	Titus.....Mozart.
Valse	Epigramme.....Gung'l.
Selection	Boccacio.....Suppé.
Valse	Les Cloches de Corneville..Metra.
Polka	Le Premier Pas.....Coote.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE BHEEMA CUP.—The Bheema Cup nominations close at 12 noon to-day.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Nizam entered the dock on Wednesday.

A VAGRANT.—Peter Canon, a European, was yesterday declared a vagrant by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, and ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

THE ARMS ACT.—Mr. Shapoorjee Dadabhoy, landholder, Surat district, is declared by notification in the *Government Gazette* exempt from the restrictions of the Arms Act.

A NEW BARRISTER.—Yesterday at the High Court, before Mr. Justice Bayley, Mr. Nusserwanjee Bhundara, recently arrived from England, made an affirmation, and was admitted as an advocate of the court.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Boodoo Abdool was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing a silver ring, valued at Rs. 3, the property of Kupur Krishna. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED THEFT IN THE NATIVE TOWN.—Runchore Toolseedas, living on the second floor of a house in Warka-gadee, reported to the police on Wednesday the theft from his house that afternoon of gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs. 240.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Abdool Ismail, a dyer, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing a piece of silk, valued at Rs. 8, the property of his master, Joosa Noor Mahomed. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT OF A WATCH.—Mr. Patterson, an engine-driver employed on the G. I. P. Railway, and residing at Bhoswul-square, reported to the police on the 25th instant the theft of a silver watch and a gold chain, with a gold-mohur attached. The property is valued at Rs. 325.

THEFT AT A MUSJID.—Abdool Ismail was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing a silk cloth, valued at Rs. 15, belonging to Mahomed Sallay Mahomed, while the complainant was engaged in prayer at a musjid. He was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE CARWAR COMPANY IN LIQUIDATION.—Mr. Frere of Messrs. Smith and Frere, appeared yesterday, before Mr. Justice Latham in chambers, and applied, on behalf of the liquidators, for an order declaring the liquidation of the company to be finally closed. His Lordship granted the application,

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A MISSING BOY.—Ramchunder Lokechund, living in Shaik Memon-street, reported to the police on Wednesday that his son, aged 13 years, named Tarachund Ramchunder, had been missing since the 23rd instant. The boy when last seen had on his person gold and silver ornaments valued at Rs. 74.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—Gunnoo Raghoo, a coachman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of driving his vehicle, on the day previous, on the Parell-road, in a rash and negligent manner, and thereby causing injury to Bheema, girl. He was fined Rs. 15. Rs. 5 of the fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to the injured girl as compensation.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 10th July was Rs. 73,47,782. In addition silver received during the week, Rs. 8,068. New coin paid during the week, Rs. 15,38,321. The balance left was Rs. 58,17,521. There was in addition silver bullion worth Rs. 1,52000, belonging to private individuals in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

ACCEPTING A BRIBE.—Babajee Byroo, a police sepoy, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, upon his own admission, of accepting one rupee as a bribe from Bulwuntrao Nilajee. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment ; and further, to pay a fine of Rs. 25, or in default to undergo a further term of rigorous imprisonment for fifteen days.

PISTOL ACCIDENT.—A serious accident lately occurred at Goa. Two boys aged 6 and 8 years, sons of Dr. Bernardino Lobo, finding a pistol on a table, one of them took it up, and asked the other whether he would like to have it fired at him, to which the latter readily consented, neither knowing that the weapon was loaded. The boy who held the pistol pulled the trigger, and the charge lodged in his brother's side.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Ramrao Shamrao was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of having in his possession a gold pencil-case, valued at Rs. 25, reasonably suspected of being stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to render a satisfactory account of its possession. He was fined Rs. 30, or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment. The pencil-case was ordered to be detained in court pending further inquiries by the police.

SUICIDE.—Noorbai, a Mahomedan woman aged twenty-five years, living at Ghogaree-mollah, hanged herself to a beam in her room on Wednesday evening. The deceased woman had secured the door of her room, and was discovered in an unconscious state. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital, but died there yesterday forenoon. She is said to have been out of her mind for the past two or three months. An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday on the body of the deceased at the hospital, and upon the evidence adduced a verdict of suicide was recorded.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended Tuesday, 18th July, was 340, being 1 more than in the previous week, 145 less than the week ending 19th July, 1881, and 135 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 265 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality among the population per cent. annum was 20·31. There were 61 deaths from remittent fever, being 2 more than the previous week, and 47 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 36, 31, and 4 respectively, compared with 79, 34 and 9 last year.

DISCHARGED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Bhikaji valad Narayan, Hereditary Revenue and Police Patel of Gaulane in the Nasik taluka of the district of Nasik, who was convicted of an offence under Section 409 of the Indian Penal Act, 1878, and sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment on the 3rd May, 1882, is declared ineligible for employment in the Government service in any capacity.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

HIGH COURT.—JULY 27.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)

APPLICATION TO ABATE A SUIT.

MOOLA MAHOMED HOOSEIN *vs.* AYSHABAI AND OTHERS.

MR. VICAJEE, instructed by Mr. J. C. Cama, applied on behalf of the first defendant for an abatement of the suit, on the ground that the plaintiff died on the 27th January last ; and that the costs be paid out of his estate.

Mr. Budroodin, instructed by Mr. M. H. Khan, supported the application on behalf of the second defendant.

Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Tyabjee and Dayabhoy, on behalf of one of the executors of the plaintiff, opposed the application, saying that the only adult male member of the plaintiff's family, who had been in Rangoon, arrived in Bombay about a fortnight ago. The case would be revived by him, and be ready for hearing within a week.

Mr. Vicajee argued that Mr. Inverarity had no *locus standi*, as no application to revive the suit had been made within the sixty days required under clause 171, section 2, of the Limitation Act.

Mr. Inverarity asked his Lordship not to exercise his discretion in requiring that the suit should be abated, but allow it to be revived in favour of a grandson of the plaintiff who was entitled to the administration of the estate.

After some further discussion, his Lordship adjourned the whole matter for a fortnight.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM.)

A REFERENCE TO THE HIGH COURT.

IN THE MATTER OF THE LAND ACQUISITION ACT X. OF 1870 AND IN THE MATTER OF GOVERNMENT AND DAMODHAR NARAYAN KANDAS AND DADABHOY PESTONJEE MISTRY, CLAIMANTS.

THE facts of the case are briefly these. Mr. Parmanandas Jeewandas is the lessee of the Bhunderwada hill. A portion of the hill was taken under the Land Acquisition Act for the benefit of the Municipality for the construction of the Bhunderwada reservoir. The Collector offered a sum of Rs. 1,10,000 and odd as compensation to Mr. Parmanandas, but the lessee put in a claim for upwards of three lakhs. The Collector, under the provisions of the Act, referred the matter to the High Court for decision. The other claimant is Mr. Dadabhoy Mistry, who is a sub-lessee of Mr. Parmanandas, and who has obtained an order from the High Court to intervene, on the ground that he is entitled to compensation for the interest which he has in the land.

When the matter was called on for hearing this morning, Mr. Starling, instructed by Mr. Cleveland, Government Solicitor, appeared for the Government ; Mr. Farran, instructed by Messrs. Janardhan and Hormusjee, for Parmanandas Jeewandas ; and Messrs. Telang and Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshoor and Hormusjee, for the other claimant.

Mr. Farran applied for a postponement of the case. He said that the assessors appointed in the matter were Mr. Forde on behalf of Government and Mr. de Quadros on behalf of his client, Parmanandas Jeewandas. He understood that Mr. de Quadros had sent in a medical certificate and was unable to attend.

The judge.—Are there not three assessors in all ?

Mr. Farran replied in the affirmative. There was another claimant besides his client, who had appointed Mr. Nusserwanjee Chanegabhoy as an assessor on his behalf. The learned counsel did not quite understand how the matter would be treated.

His Lordship asked whether Dadabhoy put in his claim jointly with Parmanandas.

Mr. Farran said that was not the case. Dadabhoy had put in his claim independently of them, although he held a lease from Parmanandas. Dadabhoy had not sent in any claim to the Collector, but he was subsequently allowed by the High Court to intervene.

The judge.—Under what section were you allowed to intervene, Mr. Vicajee ?

Mr. Vicajee.—Under section 36 of the Act. Sir Charles Sargent made a special order allowing us to intervene.

Mr. Starling said that Mr. Forde was appointed an assessor by Government with respect to the claims of both the claimants.

His Lordship thought there ought to be only two assessors, one on behalf of the Government and another for the claimants. His Lordship considered that, under the Land Acquisition Act, there could be but one trial, between the Government on the one side and the persons whose interests were opposed to the Government on the other. He asked counsel to consider the matter in order to determine what steps should be taken.

After some discussion the case was adjourned until Tuesday, when the question relating to the assessors will be argued by counsel.

THE LATE MALHARRAO, EX-GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

THE following is an account of the chequered career of the late Malharrao, Ex-Gaekwar of Baroda, down to the date of his removal from the *gadee* and his seclusion at Madras, after which his life was, naturally, of an uneventful character :—

Khandi Rao Gaekwar died rather suddenly on 28th November, 1870, leaving no son, though his younger wife, Jumnabaee, was at the time of his death *enceinte*. The next issue to the *Gadee* was Khandi Rao's younger brother, Mulharrao, the fifth and last surviving son of Maharaja Syajee. Mulhar Rao had been accused in 1863 of being concerned in a conspiracy to compass the death of his brother Khandi Rao by poison or other means, and was in consequence confined as a State prisoner at Padra, in the Baroda territory, during the remainder of that Prince's life ; his associates in the plot, who were in his service, being sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

On the death of His Highness Khandi Rao, Mulhar Rao was at once summoned from Padra and installed as his successor by the Resident, with an intimation, however, that his recognition as reigning Gaekwar must be dependent on the sanction of the British Government, which was

Christ himself taught, *viz.*, "they that have done evil shall go into prolonged punishment, and they that have done good into life of long duration," you will not find a single Hindu parent who will find fault with your teaching. In conclusion, let me say the Sectarian unhappily sees no good outside the four corners of his own particular creed, and that despite the fact that his life is often better than his creed. But the wise man, who knows that there is one above all, knows also that, however distorted they may have become in the course of ages (and Christianity has been every whit as much distorted as Buddhism), all religions had the one common origin, and all contain, at their roots, the eternal verities for which all pure souls hunger and thurst. Let those who would raise the tone of morality amongst the lower classes here (almost alas! as low as it is amongst the lower classes of England, France, and Russia) search diligently the scriptures of those creeds which time has enshrined in the hearts of our people, and out of these preach the pure unselfish life that Hindu, Sikh, Parsee, Buddhist, all as truly reverence as can our good Christian sisters. Let them forget all dogmas and all creeds, and let them only set lovingly before their pupils, strengthening their words by holy texts out of the shastras, *that* life which the good and wise of all countries and ages have alike agreed is a life of peace and pleasantness here (despite the apparent trials that, beset it), and the only certain pathway to happiness hereafter.

MADRAS ARMY REFORMS.

In Madras the late disbandment of native regiments was carried out under very different conditions to those which obtained in Northern India. The physique of the Madras sepoy is, as a rule, very poor, a large number being barrack-born and bred. These men have no village-home, and their surroundings in early life have not been calculated either to improve their morals or develope their physical strength. Their fathers and grand-fathers have been soldiers before them, and they look to enlistment as their natural right, though they may be weak, ill-formed, and utterly unfitted for active service. The "family system" has been the bane of the Madras Army, and until it is rooted out the regiments in the Southern Presidency can never hope to compare with those in Bengal and the Punjab. The disbandment scheme was, of course, a serious blow to this pernicious system, more particularly as Sir Frederick Roberts gave orders that only men "physically fit" should be allowed to volunteer for further service. Hitherto many hundreds of men have been allowed by soft-hearted Commandants and Medical Officers to remain on the strength of regiments as they had no home outside the lines; and the question now arises as to what is to become of this large class. The army is maintained at a heavy cost to the State, and it is absurd to suppose that it is to be recruited mainly from weedy line-boys. A return is now being prepared showing the number of native officers, non-commissioned officers and men who are the decendants of soldiers, and it is expected that the proportion these will bears to the total strength of the Madras army will be very large. The true villager, though far better fitted for a soldier's life, is heavily handicapped in hte race for promotion to the non-commissioned ranks, as the line-boys can always read and write when they are enlisted, and they have also some idea of drill. We may safely trust General Roberts to carry out vigorously and effectively any reforms that may be necessary.—*Pioneer.*

FANATICISM OF THE EGYPTIANS.

A CORRESPONDENT, "Ya Loise," writes to the Allahabad paper:—I have seen many references in the *Pioneer* and other papers to the inhumanity, brutality, &c., of the recent bombardment of Alexandria, when such terms as the following have also appeared—"Murder of the innocent with the guilty," "shedding of innocent blood," &c. Few Englishmen, however, can have any idea how many must have been the guilty, and how few the innocent, during the late massacres. Had the above terms of sympathy been used in favour of any country in the world but Egypt, I should have most heartily subscribed to them; but having lived in Alexandria for nearly six years when a child, I had opportunities of judging of the feelings of the inhabitants, such as are seldom accorded to adults. I was scarcely thirteen years of age when I left the country, and I had many friends among my neighbours and playmates, good and true friends in all respects but one. At that age I had intimate access to their harems and households. In short, I have associated with them as intimately as I could have done with my own countrymen, and I was while there a universal favourite with all my acquaintances, yet did a dispute ever happen I was always accused of the awful crime of being a Christian. Even my most intimate friends became my assailants. Not a word did I ever hear in my favour then. Not one of my friends, perhaps from the fear of being considered heretical, perhaps from a belief that defending a Christian as a Christian would be displeasing to God, would dare to protect [illegible] Fathers and adult brothers, generally average gentlemen, would look on in perfect apathy, [illegible] their children for persecution in [illegible] disputes always ended in ignominious submission on my part. Many [illegible] recognize the following [illegible] These [illegible] by gangs of [illegible] ed for their [illegible] norance of the langu[illegible] pliments. I have seen [illegible] teaching the above couplets to [illegible] can scarcely call to mind a single [illegible] being reproved, or otherwise than [illegible] using them. I write of Alexandria as it was twenty years ago; and unless it has very much changed, I am firmly of opinion that not one man in a hundred would refrain from murdering a Christian where a chance offered, and that not one in five hundred would look on such an act with disapproval. This being the case, I almost welcome the occasion that must have gone far towards showing the Egyptians that the Almighty does not always look on the murder of Christians with unqualified delight."

BENGAL.

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ended the 15th July there were 216 deaths registered in Calcutta, giving a death-rate of 26 per thousand per annum. In the previous week there were 178 deaths, and the death-rate was 21·4 per thousand.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.—The system of election is, we see, to be tried in one of the wards of the town of Dhaka. Three Commissioners are to be elected, and the qualification for a candidate is that he must occupy a house in the ward of not less annual value than Rs. 200. The qualification for a voter is the payment of four annas or more per month for rates and taxes.—*Englishman*

A PRETENDED QUACK.—A native quack doctor was charged with cheating a blind native, in respect of Rs. 15, under the following circumstances. Prisoner called on complainant, and assured him that he was gifted with the magic art, and if he placed reliance on him he would effect an instant cure upon him. His vision would be restored to him in the twinkling of an eye. The application of his fingers would perform the marvellous cure. Of course, having regard to the beneficial effects of the wonderful powers he possessed, he should be remunerated. His demand for professional remuneration would not exceed Rs. 50, which, he added, must be paid in advance. Having thus influenced the ignorant blind man, the latter responded that he was unable to pay such a large amount as fee; that the circumstances did not permit him to give more than Rs. 15, which were accepted by the quack physician, although the latter tried very hard to obtain more. The fee was handed over to accused who, without applying his wonderful magical powers for the restoration of the vision of the complainant, succeeded in making off. A hue and cry was raised, and the prisoner was arrested after some difficulty by the police, who discovered that he was a sharper and had personated himself as a doctor with the object of perpetrating the fraud. After some evidence had been recorded, the case was adjourned till Wednesday.—*Englishman.*

A DARING THEFT.—A very daring attempt at theft was made on the night of Friday last at the residence, in Dhurumtollah, of Mr. T. F. Brown, of Messrs. T. F. Brown and Co., Limited, livery stable-keepers. Mr. Brown having an urgent call from Allahabad, left for that city by the mail-train on Friday night; but during the day he had missed his keys, which, though careful search was made, could not be found. During the night between 12 and 1 o'clock, Mrs. Brown, who was asleep, felt a hand touch her, and, waking up, recognised her table-servant named Mohun. She immediately gave an alarm; but the servant, who had become desperate, attempted to silence her, by seizing her by her throat. As the alarm had been taken up by Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. Brown's daughter, the man threw Mrs. Brown violently down [illegible] rushing past Mrs. Thomas ran down the [illegible] where he was confronted by the durwan, Tr[illegible]ains, he managed to pacify, by telling him that this man is known comedian, living next door, [illegible] a well-mistress, and that he was going [illegible] cheating his durwan, believing the man's [illegible] or the police. The he thus escaped, and was [illegible] him go, and three yesterday (Monday) [illegible] not arrested till half-past brought to Inspector [illegible] afternoon; when he was Thannah by a W[illegible] Bell at the Fenwick Bazaar been acting [illegible] est Indian, named Brown, who had man, who [illegible] Inspector Bell's instructions. The sixteen [illegible] has been in Mrs. Brown's employ for over [illegible] years, had been tempted, it is believed, by [illegible]ing Mrs. Brown alone in the house. Mrs. Brown had been examining her jewellery during the day, and the man, who was a trusted servant, had seen her doing so.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

THE CHINGLEPUT CASE.—The hearing of this *cause celebre*, regarding which several conflicting rumours have of late been prevailing, has finally been fixed for hearing at Chittoor on Thursday next, 27th instant. Mr. G. P. Johnstone, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. P. B. Gordon, will appear for Seethapathy Naidoo, the accused. Mr. Gordon left for Chittoor last evening, and Mr. Johnstone leaves to-day.—*Madras Athenæum*, July 26.

VOLUNTEER UNIFORMS.—Captain Fenwick, Adjutant, Madras Volunteer Guards, has issued a circular order to the officers commanding companies, non-commissioned officers and volunteers, asking their opinion as to the change of their full dress uniform from *blue serge* to *scarlet*,—a change which has taken place in the uniform of the Volunteer battalions in England.—*Madras Times.*

MAS VOLUNTEER GUARDS.—The 25th anniversary of the Madras Volunteer Guards was celebrated by the officers of the regiment, by dinner at the mess house. The following were present:—Ross Church, Commandant, Major [illegible]ains Hope Ross, Sherman, Bartoli, [illegible]bony and Atkinson, Lieuts. Ward, [illegible]and Mansfield, Capt. Pratt of the [illegible]eut. Pooley, Duke's Own Volunteers, Messrs. Straith, Orr and Oakes. [illegible]nt was in attendance. After [illegible]ueen and Empress, Colonel Ross Church proposed in a few well chosen and elegant expressions, the future prosperity and welfare of the regiment, coupling with it the name of Major Scharlieb, who he said was himself a twenty-five year man, and from whom he had received every valuable assistance during his eleven years' connection with the regiment. On Monday morning, the 3rd July, the officers of the regiment met the veterans of the Guards, the men who joined the corps in its formation at breakfast at the officers' mess. There were about 30 men and their families who sat down.—*Madras Times.*

SHOOTING A ROGUE ELEPHANT.—We learn that Mr. Albert G. R. Theobald, of the Forest Department, succeeded in shooting the famous rogue elephant of the Poonasy Hills in the Kollegal Taluk, on the 18th instant. Mr. Theobold was twice charged by the brute, which was a huge tusker, measuring eleven feet in height, and which kept the Hill villagers in terror for a very long time. This elephant was once (a few years back) driven with 24 others into the Kollegal Kheddah at Allambady, and he resisted every effort made to capture him, and being such a large tusker, no pains were spared, but it was all in vain. It is said that out of the twenty-four elephants captred with him, he killed no less than nineteen, and finally broke through the Kheddah gate in spite of the shots fired at him and the fires kept burning. After his escape, he is known to have killed three human beings (two women and one man) and many others had very narrow escapes from his furious headlong charges. Besides human beings, he has killed several cattle, and destroyed great quantities of standing crops, causing immense loss to the ryots. We believe there was some delay made by the talook officials in bringing to the notice of the Collector the great damage caused by this elephant, and that only recently his destruction was sanctioned. It is hoped that the Government will give Mr. Theobald a liberal reward for having, at great personal risk, destroyed this famous rogue elephant.—*Madras Mail.*

THE SUEZ CANAL.

FOLLOWING the letter of Mr. W. S. Caine to the *Daily News*, which we quoted last week, the appended correspondence was published by the same paper:—

Sir,—It may be interesting to add to my letter of yesterday that it is seldom there are less than ten or twelve steamers of high speed and capacity lying in the port of Liverpool at any time during the year. There are to-day ten boats in the port, steaming fourteen knots or over—the Arizona, Gallia, Cephalonia, Adriatic, Britannic, Sardinian, Patalonia, City of Paris, City of Berlin, City of Chester, and all ready for sea. I have very little doubt that they could be ready for transport service in a week from being chartered, and that they could convey some 15,000 troops from any British port to Bombay, round the Cape, in an average passage of 30 to 32 days. Besides these 10 swift boats there are at least 20 others in the port of Liverpool of large capacity that could make the voyage to Bombay round the Cape in much less than 40 days. In view of such facts as these, from one port alone, it is absurd to argue that our Empire in India could ever be imperilled by the stoppage of the Suez Canal.—Yours faithfully,

June 30. W. S. CAINE.

Sir,—I have read Mr. Caine's statement in your paper of this date. I have been a shipbroker and shipowner in the City of London for upwards of 40 years, and I consider such a statement very erroneous. I admit passages could be made by such steamers *via* the Cape of Good Hope in the time specified; but those steamers would never pay to go round the Cape. They are built specially for the passenger or cattle trade. There is no emigration from this country to India, and no cattle trade from thence. So these fast steamers must rely on merchandise. At present the rates of freight outward to Bombay and Calcutta are about 10s. to 15s. per ton; and, further, these steamers would require vast supplies of coals, both outward and homeward, for steaming purposes, and at great cost. I should, therefore, like to know if any men of business would embark money in steamers for such a venture, and with the certainty of incurring great pecuniary losses.—I am, Sir, yours faithfully,

London, June 30. J. L.

Sir,—The letter of Mr. W. S. Caine in yesterday's issue on the Suez Canal, in which he undertakes to show that, with the assistance of the steamers comprised within four Atlantic lines, the British Government could safely depend upon it that troops could be landed in India in 25 days to 32 days, has caused considerable amusement here amongst those who know the capabilities of the steamers named, and the nature of the Cape route. It is an undoubted fact that the Alaska and others of the fleet referred to are fast and powerful vessels, but Mr. Caine, in his happy ignorance of details, imagines that a steamer, which burns 240 tons of coal per day, could reach Bombay in 25 days and carry 1,500 troops in the bargain. Why, Sir, the Alaska would require 6,000 tons of coal to do this, without any margin—or say 7,000 tons, which is the least a prudent man like Mr. Guion would put on board. Where then is the space left for a single soldier? Of course the Alaska could coal at Capetown, but that would involve considerable delay and spoil Mr. Caine's pretty estimate of 25 days. I could, Sir, go through the list of vessels given and point out one or two trifling inaccuracies, such as the grouping of the Catalonia, a slow boat, with such fast vessels as the Celtic and Parisian, and the classing of the Peruvian—a lengthened boat of no great speed—with the fast Cunarders, Scythia and Bothnia; but these are too trivial details to affect the argument of Mr. Caine, that we could safely consent to the neutralisation of the Suez Canal, and its use solely for commercial purposes." Suffice it to say that Mr. Caine's views are not shared in commercial circles in Liverpool, [illegible]vantages of the Suez Canal with the [illegible]ly appreciated, and the necessity [illegible] keenly felt.—Yours truly,

P. ASHCROFT.

10 Oriel Chambers, Liverpool, July 1.

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From whatever cause arising.

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Wm. Macandrew, Esq., J. P., Westwood House, Colchester.

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